



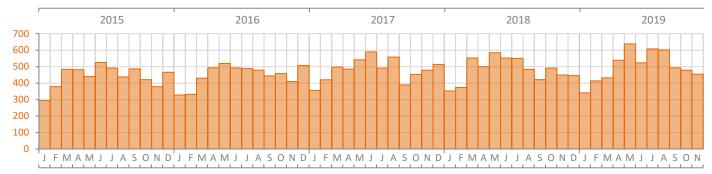
Summary Statistics	November 2019	November 2018	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	454	449	1.1%
Paid in Cash	144	150	-4.0%
Median Sale Price	\$175,000	\$176,490	-0.8%
Average Sale Price	\$210,324	\$202,194	4.0%
Dollar Volume	\$95.5 Million	\$90.8 Million	5.2%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	97.4%	96.8%	0.6%
Median Time to Contract	32 Days	33 Days	-3.0%
Median Time to Sale	76 Days	78 Days	-2.6%
New Pending Sales	458	423	8.3%
New Listings	464	568	-18.3%
Pending Inventory	709	592	19.8%
Inventory (Active Listings)	1,091	1,266	-13.8%
Months Supply of Inventory	2.2	2.6	-15.4%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
5,517	4.0%
454	1.1%
478	-2.6%
493	17.1%
602	24.6%
607	10.4%
523	-5.3%
637	9.1%
538	7.6%
432	-21.7%
413	10.7%
340	-3.4%
445	-13.3%
449	-6.1%
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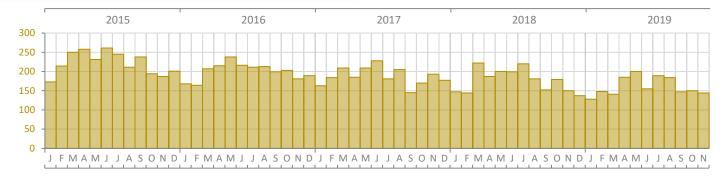


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,771	-10.6%
November 2019	144	-4.0%
October 2019	150	-16.2%
September 2019	147	-3.3%
August 2019	184	1.7%
July 2019	189	-14.1%
June 2019	155	-22.1%
May 2019	200	0.0%
April 2019	185	-1.1%
March 2019	141	-36.5%
February 2019	148	2.8%
January 2019	128	-12.9%
December 2018	137	-22.6%
November 2018	150	-22.3%



Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	32.1%	-13.9%
November 2019	31.7%	-5.1%
October 2019	31.4%	-14.0%
September 2019	29.8%	-17.5%
August 2019	30.6%	-18.4%
July 2019	31.1%	-22.3%
June 2019	29.6%	-18.0%
May 2019	31.4%	-8.2%
April 2019	34.4%	-8.0%
March 2019	32.6%	-18.9%
February 2019	35.8%	-7.3%
January 2019	37.6%	-10.0%
December 2018	30.8%	-10.7%
November 2018	33.4%	-17.3%





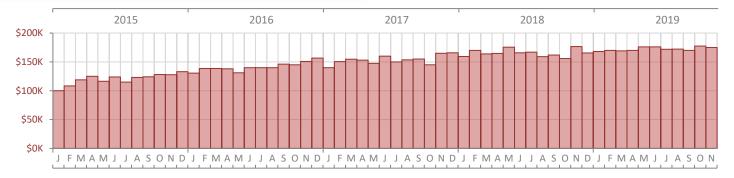


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$173,490	5.1%
November 2019	\$175,000	-0.8%
October 2019	\$177,500	13.9%
September 2019	\$170,000	4.9%
August 2019	\$172,065	8.2%
July 2019	\$172,000	3.0%
June 2019	\$176,000	6.1%
May 2019	\$176,000	0.3%
April 2019	\$169,990	3.2%
March 2019	\$169,200	3.3%
February 2019	\$170,000	0.0%
January 2019	\$168,000	5.5%
December 2018	\$165,500	-0.1%
November 2018	\$176,490	7.0%



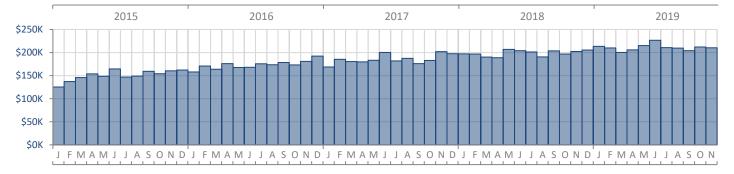
Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$210,909	6.5%
November 2019	\$210,324	4.0%
October 2019	\$212,196	7.8%
September 2019	\$204,074	0.2%
August 2019	\$209,735	10.0%
July 2019	\$210,764	4.7%
June 2019	\$226,497	10.9%
May 2019	\$215,015	4.0%
April 2019	\$205,676	8.9%
March 2019	\$200,198	5.3%
February 2019	\$210,038	6.8%
January 2019	\$213,413	8.3%
December 2018	\$205,407	4.0%
November 2018	\$202,194	0.1%





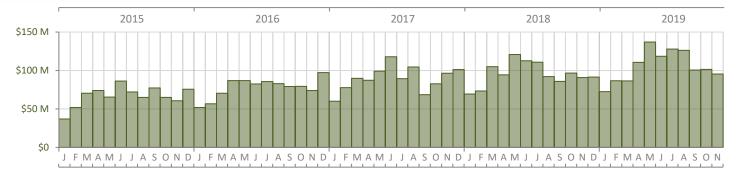


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$1.2 Billion	10.7%
November 2019	\$95.5 Million	5.2%
October 2019	\$101.4 Million	5.0%
September 2019	\$100.6 Million	17.3%
August 2019	\$126.3 Million	37.1%
July 2019	\$127.9 Million	15.5%
June 2019	\$118.5 Million	5.1%
May 2019	\$137.0 Million	13.5%
April 2019	\$110.7 Million	17.2%
March 2019	\$86.5 Million	-17.6%
February 2019	\$86.7 Million	18.2%
January 2019	\$72.6 Million	4.6%
December 2018	\$91.4 Million	-9.8%
November 2018	\$90.8 Million	-6.0%



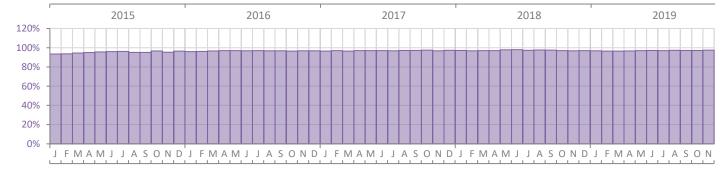
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
97.0%	-0.2%
97.4%	0.6%
97.2%	0.3%
97.1%	-0.4%
97.3%	-0.4%
96.9%	-0.4%
97.1%	-0.8%
96.9%	-0.9%
96.6%	-0.4%
96.5%	-0.4%
96.5%	-0.3%
96.8%	-0.3%
96.9%	-0.4%
96.8%	0.0%
	97.0% 97.4% 97.2% 97.1% 97.3% 96.9% 97.1% 96.9% 96.6% 96.5% 96.5% 96.8% 96.9%







Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	30 Days	36.4%
November 2019	32 Days	-3.0%
October 2019	32 Days	39.1%
September 2019	30 Days	42.9%
August 2019	28 Days	55.6%
July 2019	24 Days	26.3%
June 2019	28 Days	47.4%
May 2019	25 Days	25.0%
April 2019	30 Days	36.4%
March 2019	44 Days	131.6%
February 2019	41 Days	51.9%
January 2019	32 Days	33.3%
December 2018	28 Days	21.7%
November 2018	33 Days	37.5%





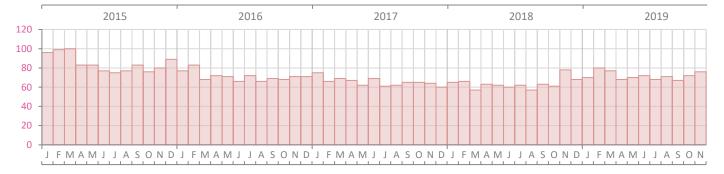
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
71 Days	14.5%
76 Days	-2.6%
72 Days	18.0%
67 Days	6.3%
71 Days	24.6%
68 Days	9.7%
72 Days	20.0%
70 Days	12.9%
68 Days	7.9%
77 Days	35.1%
80 Days	21.2%
70 Days	7.7%
68 Days	13.3%
78 Days	21.9%
	71 Days 76 Days 72 Days 67 Days 71 Days 68 Days 72 Days 70 Days 68 Days 77 Days 80 Days 70 Days 80 Days





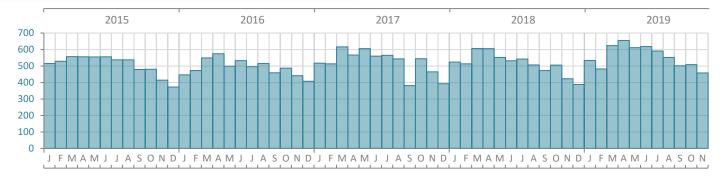


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	6,135	6.1%
November 2019	458	8.3%
October 2019	508	0.6%
September 2019	502	6.4%
August 2019	552	9.1%
July 2019	591	9.0%
June 2019	618	16.2%
May 2019	611	10.7%
April 2019	655	8.3%
March 2019	624	3.0%
February 2019	482	-6.0%
January 2019	534	1.9%
December 2018	388	-1.3%
November 2018	423	-9.0%

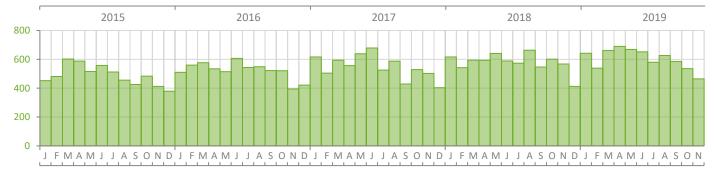


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	6,644	1.8%
November 2019	464	-18.3%
October 2019	536	-10.8%
September 2019	585	6.9%
August 2019	626	-5.6%
July 2019	580	1.2%
June 2019	652	10.7%
May 2019	669	4.4%
April 2019	690	16.4%
March 2019	661	11.3%
February 2019	539	-0.6%
January 2019	642	4.2%
December 2018	412	2.2%
November 2018	568	13.1%



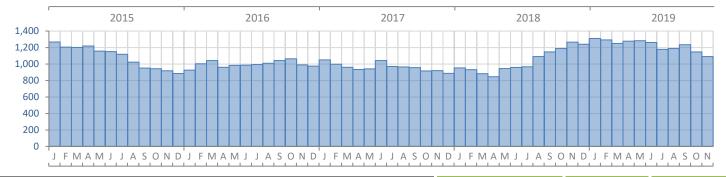


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1,228	20.9%
November 2019	1,091	-13.8%
October 2019	1,147	-3.4%
September 2019	1,235	7.8%
August 2019	1,187	8.8%
July 2019	1,178	21.8%
June 2019	1,262	31.7%
May 2019	1,283	35.8%
April 2019	1,276	50.8%
March 2019	1,250	41.7%
February 2019	1,292	38.6%
January 2019	1,310	37.5%
December 2018	1,240	40.0%
November 2018	1,266	37.6%



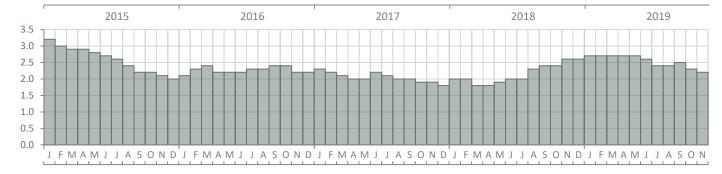
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	2.5	19.0%
November 2019	2.2	-15.4%
October 2019	2.3	-4.2%
September 2019	2.5	4.2%
August 2019	2.4	4.3%
July 2019	2.4	20.0%
June 2019	2.6	30.0%
May 2019	2.7	42.1%
April 2019	2.7	50.0%
March 2019	2.7	50.0%
February 2019	2.7	35.0%
January 2019	2.7	35.0%
December 2018	2.6	44.4%
November 2018	2.6	36.8%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - November 2019 Townhouses and Condos Hillsborough County



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	4	300.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	59	-1.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	98	1.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	135	19.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	43	-41.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	56	-3.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	22	-4.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	30	66.7%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	3	-40.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	4	300.0%

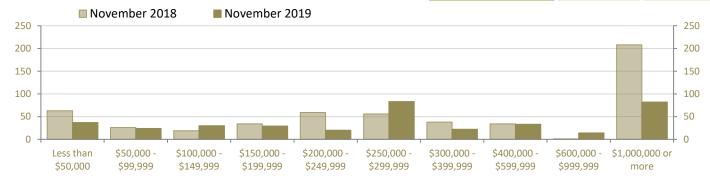


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	37 Days	-41.3%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	24 Days	-7.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	30 Days	57.9%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	29 Days	-14.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	20 Days	-66.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	83 Days	48.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	22 Days	-42.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	33 Days	-2.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	14 Days	1300.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	82 Days	-60.6%





New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	3	50.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	42	-40.8%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	90	-28.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	98	-26.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	71	0.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	55	-8.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	52	30.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	35	-12.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	12	-33.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	6	-25.0%

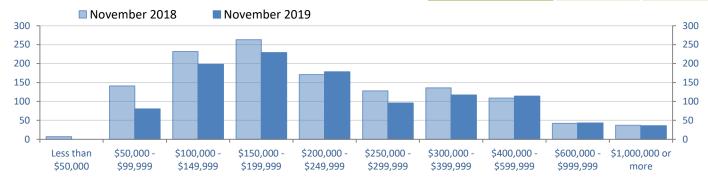


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	80	-43.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	198	-14.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	229	-12.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	178	4.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	96	-25.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	117	-14.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	114	4.6%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	43	2.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	36	-2.7%



Monthly Distressed Market - November 2019 Townhouses and Condos Hillsborough County



