



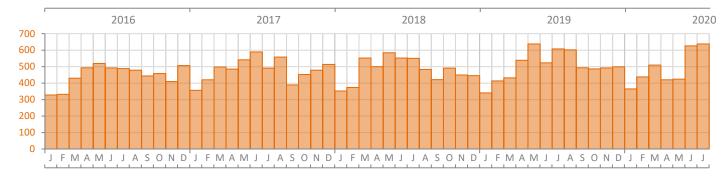
Summary Statistics	July 2020	July 2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	637	607	4.9%
Paid in Cash	181	189	-4.2%
Median Sale Price	\$185,000	\$172,000	7.6%
Average Sale Price	\$240,737	\$210,764	14.2%
Dollar Volume	\$153.3 Million	\$127.9 Million	19.9%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	97.8%	96.9%	0.9%
Median Time to Contract	27 Days	24 Days	12.5%
Median Time to Sale	67 Days	68 Days	-1.5%
New Pending Sales	721	591	22.0%
New Listings	685	580	18.1%
Pending Inventory	957	901	6.2%
Inventory (Active Listings)	945	1,178	-19.8%
Months Supply of Inventory	1.9	2.4	-20.8%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,418	-2.1%
July 2020	637	4.9%
June 2020	626	19.7%
May 2020	424	-33.4%
April 2020	420	-21.9%
March 2020	509	17.8%
February 2020	437	5.8%
January 2020	365	7.4%
December 2019	499	12.1%
November 2019	492	9.6%
October 2019	486	-1.0%
September 2019	493	17.1%
August 2019	602	24.6%
July 2019	607	10.4%



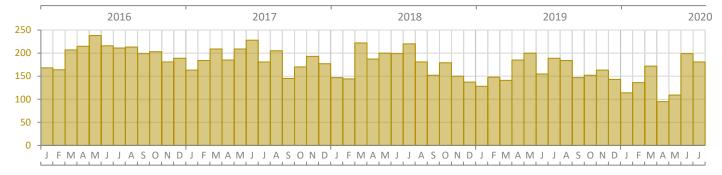


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,006	-12.2%
July 2020	181	-4.2%
June 2020	199	28.4%
May 2020	109	-45.5%
April 2020	95	-48.6%
March 2020	172	22.0%
February 2020	136	-8.1%
January 2020	114	-10.9%
December 2019	143	4.4%
November 2019	163	8.7%
October 2019	152	-15.1%
September 2019	147	-3.3%
August 2019	184	1.7%
July 2019	189	-14.1%



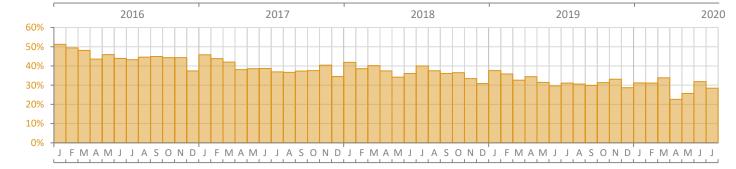
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	29.4%	-10.4%
July 2020	28.4%	-8.7%
June 2020	31.8%	7.4%
May 2020	25.7%	-18.2%
April 2020	22.6%	-34.3%
March 2020	33.8%	3.7%
February 2020	31.1%	-13.1%
January 2020	31.2%	-17.0%
December 2019	28.7%	-6.8%
November 2019	33.1%	-0.9%
October 2019	31.3%	-14.2%
September 2019	29.8%	-17.5%
August 2019	30.6%	-18.4%
July 2019	31.1%	-22.3%





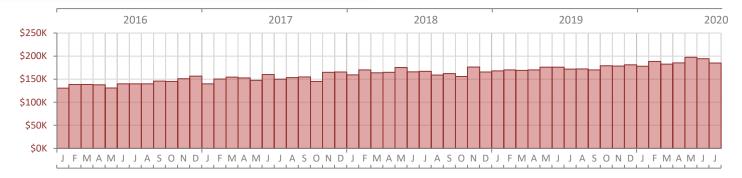


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$188,000	9.0%
July 2020	\$185,000	7.6%
June 2020	\$194,450	10.5%
May 2020	\$197,450	12.2%
April 2020	\$185,320	9.0%
March 2020	\$182,500	7.9%
February 2020	\$188,400	10.8%
January 2020	\$177,910	5.9%
December 2019	\$181,350	9.6%
November 2019	\$178,450	1.1%
October 2019	\$179,245	15.0%
September 2019	\$170,000	4.9%
August 2019	\$172,065	8.2%
July 2019	\$172,000	3.0%



Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$256,542	21.0%
July 2020	\$240,737	14.2%
June 2020	\$333,472	47.2%
May 2020	\$288,502	34.2%
April 2020	\$221,054	7.5%
March 2020	\$236,121	17.9%
February 2020	\$224,710	7.0%
January 2020	\$222,486	4.3%
December 2019	\$232,754	13.3%
November 2019	\$212,032	4.9%
October 2019	\$212,565	8.0%
September 2019	\$204,074	0.2%
August 2019	\$209,735	10.0%
July 2019	\$210,764	4.7%





Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$876.9 Million	18.5%
July 2020	\$153.3 Million	19.9%
June 2020	\$208.8 Million	76.2%
May 2020	\$122.3 Million	-10.7%
April 2020	\$92.8 Million	-16.1%
March 2020	\$120.2 Million	39.0%
February 2020	\$98.2 Million	13.2%
January 2020	\$81.2 Million	11.9%
December 2019	\$116.1 Million	27.1%
November 2019	\$104.3 Million	14.9%
October 2019	\$103.3 Million	6.9%
September 2019	\$100.6 Million	17.3%
August 2019	\$126.3 Million	37.1%
July 2019	\$127.9 Million	15.5%



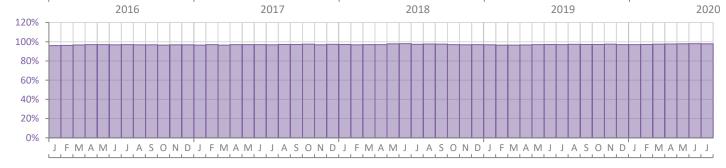
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	97.6%	0.8%
July 2020	97.8%	0.9%
June 2020	97.9%	0.8%
May 2020	97.8%	0.9%
April 2020	97.6%	1.0%
March 2020	97.4%	0.9%
February 2020	97.1%	0.6%
January 2020	97.0%	0.2%
December 2019	96.9%	0.0%
November 2019	97.4%	0.6%
October 2019	97.2%	0.3%
September 2019	97.1%	-0.4%
August 2019	97.3%	-0.4%
July 2019	96.9%	-0.4%







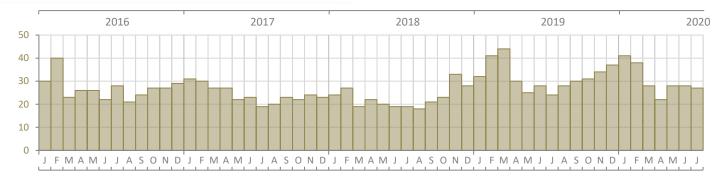
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	30 Days	0.0%
July 2020	27 Days	12.5%
June 2020	28 Days	0.0%
May 2020	28 Days	12.0%
April 2020	22 Days	-26.7%
March 2020	28 Days	-36.4%
February 2020	38 Days	-7.3%
January 2020	41 Days	28.1%
December 2019	37 Days	32.1%
November 2019	34 Days	3.0%
October 2019	31 Days	34.8%
September 2019	30 Days	42.9%
August 2019	28 Days	55.6%
July 2019	24 Days	26.3%





Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	72 Days	1.4%
July 2020	67 Days	-1.5%
June 2020	72 Days	0.0%
May 2020	76 Days	8.6%
April 2020	65 Days	-4.4%
March 2020	65 Days	-15.6%
February 2020	84 Days	5.0%
January 2020	85 Days	21.4%
December 2019	81 Days	19.1%
November 2019	78 Days	0.0%
October 2019	72 Days	18.0%
September 2019	67 Days	6.3%
August 2019	71 Days	24.6%
July 2019	68 Days	9.7%







New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	4,103	-0.3%
July 2020	721	22.0%
June 2020	731	18.3%
May 2020	638	4.4%
April 2020	408	-37.7%
March 2020	458	-26.6%
February 2020	600	24.5%
January 2020	547	2.4%
December 2019	365	-5.9%
November 2019	483	14.2%
October 2019	527	4.4%
September 2019	502	6.4%
August 2019	552	9.1%
July 2019	591	9.0%

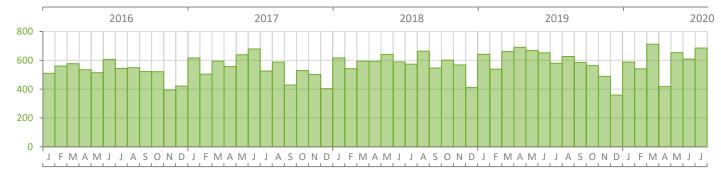


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	4,206	-5.1%
July 2020	685	18.1%
June 2020	609	-6.6%
May 2020	653	-2.4%
April 2020	418	-39.4%
March 2020	712	7.7%
February 2020	541	0.4%
January 2020	588	-8.4%
December 2019	359	-12.9%
November 2019	489	-13.9%
October 2019	563	-6.3%
September 2019	585	6.9%
August 2019	626	-5.6%
July 2019	580	1.2%





Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1,083	-14.3%
July 2020	945	-19.8%
June 2020	993	-21.3%
May 2020	1,154	-10.1%
April 2020	1,182	-7.4%
March 2020	1,193	-4.6%
February 2020	1,014	-21.5%
January 2020	1,098	-16.2%
December 2019	1,109	-10.6%
November 2019	1,171	-7.5%
October 2019	1,212	2.1%
September 2019	1,235	7.8%
August 2019	1,187	8.8%
July 2019	1,178	21.8%



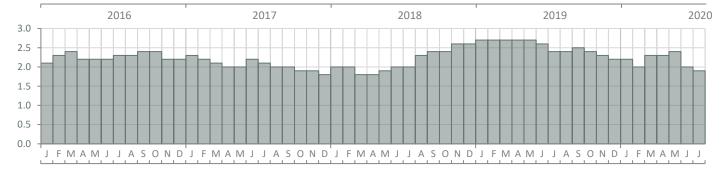
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	2.0	-23.1%
July 2020	1.9	-20.8%
June 2020	2.0	-23.1%
May 2020	2.4	-11.1%
April 2020	2.3	-14.8%
March 2020	2.3	-14.8%
February 2020	2.0	-25.9%
January 2020	2.2	-18.5%
December 2019	2.2	-15.4%
November 2019	2.3	-11.5%
October 2019	2.4	0.0%
September 2019	2.5	4.2%
August 2019	2.4	4.3%
July 2019	2.4	20.0%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - July 2020 Townhouses and Condos Hillsborough County



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	60	-24.1%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	134	4.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	185	17.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	75	-13.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	67	17.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	53	26.2%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	37	-5.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	13	18.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	13	1200.0%

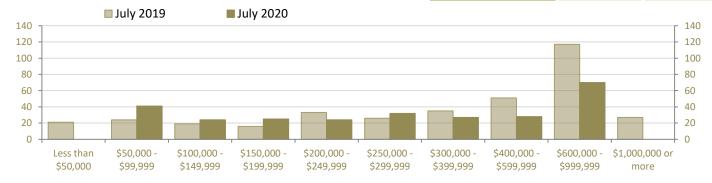


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	41 Days	70.8%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	24 Days	26.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	25 Days	56.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	24 Days	-27.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	32 Days	23.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	27 Days	-22.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	28 Days	-45.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	70 Days	-40.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	0 Days	-100.0%





New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-88.9%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	59	-23.4%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	100	-18.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	191	26.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	114	78.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	77	45.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	62	24.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	40	11.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	22	57.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	19	533.3%

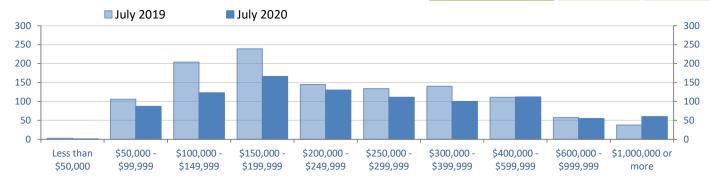


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-66.7%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	87	-17.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	123	-39.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	166	-30.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	130	-10.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	111	-17.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	100	-28.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	112	0.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	55	-5.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	60	57.9%



Monthly Distressed Market - July 2020 Townhouses and Condos Hillsborough County



