#### FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Contact: David B. Bennett, RCE, CAE

**CEO** 

Phone: 727-216-3002

Email: dbennett@tampabayrealtor.com



#### Pasco County Real Estate Statistics for December 2020

The biggest statistical change in the market, number of active listings, saw expected decreases because of COVID-19. The Average Sale Price for Single Family Homes rose 13.1% from \$260,947 in December 2019 to \$295,160 in December 2020. The Average Sale Price for Townhome/Condo was up 15.1% from \$165,106 in December 2019 to \$190,117 in December 2020. The Median Sale Price for Single Family Homes increased 10.8% from \$245,250 in December 2019 to \$271,633 in December 2020. The Median Sale Price for Townhomes/Condos was up 18.3% from \$169,000 in December 2019 to \$199,995 in December 2020.

Dollar Volume for Single Family Homes saw a 30.8% increase from \$243.2 million in December 2019 to \$318.2 million in December 2020. Closed Sales for Single Family saw a 15.7% increase, from 932 in December 2019 to 1,078 in December 2020. Paid in Cash sales for Single Family homes decreased 0.8% year-over-year from 251 in December 2019 to 249 in December 2020. The Months Supply of Inventory for Single Family Homes decreased 56.5% year-over-year, with 1.0 month in December 2020 compared to 2.3 months in December 2019. The Active Listings for Single Family Homes decreased 54.8% year-over-year from 2,119 in December 2019 to 958 in December 2020. New Listings for Single Family homes for December 2020 were 787, up 1.3% from last December 2019 at 777. The Median Time to Contract for Single Family Homes decreased 62.1% from 29 days in December 2019 to 11 days in December 2020. The Median Time to Sale for Single Family Homes decreased 20.0% year-over-year from 70 days in December 2019 to 56 days in December 2020.

Dollar Volume for Townhome/Condo saw a 31.2% increase from \$27.2 million in December 2019 to \$35.7 million in December 2020. Closed Sales for the Townhome/Condo segment increased 13.9% from 165 in December 2019 to 188 in December 2020. Paid in Cash sales for Townhome/Condo decreased 4.5% from 67 in December 2019 to 64 in December 2020. The Months Supply of Inventory for Townhome/Condo decreased 48.3% from 2.9 months in December 2019 to 1.5 months in December 2020. Active Listings for Townhomes/Condos decreased 42.1% from 496 in December 2019 to 287 in December 2020. New Listings for Townhome/Condos increased 6.9% from 145 in December 2019 to 155 in December 2020. The Median Time to Contract for Townhome/Condo market decreased 34.4% year-over-year from 32 days in December 2019 to 21 days in December 2020. The Median Time to Sale for Townhome/Condo market decreased 22.8% from 79 days in December 2019 to 61 days in December 2020.

Representing over 9,000 members, the Pinellas Realtor® Organization/Central Pasco Realtor® Organization is one of the Tampa Bay area's largest professional trade associations. The organization advances and promotes the real estate profession through professional development programs, government affairs, and political advocacy and maintains a high standard of conduct by real estate professionals through professional standards training and administration.

#### **Combined Single Family Homes & Townhomes/Condos**



| Summary Statistics          | Dec 2020 | Dec 2019 | % change year over year |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|-------------------------|
| Closed Sales                | 1266     | 1097     | 15.4%                   |
| Paid in Cash                | 313      | 318      | -1.6%                   |
| New Pending Sales           | 1020     | 846      | 20.6%                   |
| New Listings                | 942      | 922      | 2.2%                    |
| Pending Inventory           | 1443     | 1085     | 33.0%                   |
| Inventory (Active Listings) | 1245     | 2615     | -52.4%                  |

source: Florida Realtors





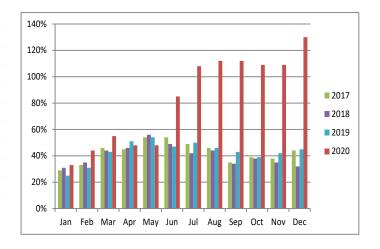
Absorption rate estimates the rate at which active listings are selling in a given market.

It's calculated by dividing the number of closed sales by the number of active listings.

A low absorption rate means that homes are selling slowly (suggesting a buyer's market) while a high absorption rate means that homes are selling quickly (suggesting a seller's market).

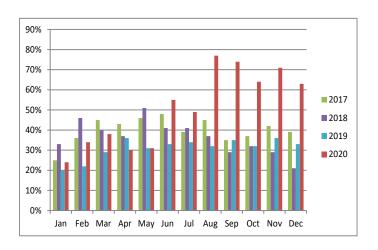
#### **Absorption Rate**

| Single Family | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|---------------|------|------|------|------|
| January       | 29%  | 31%  | 25%  | 33%  |
| February      | 33%  | 35%  | 31%  | 44%  |
| March         | 46%  | 44%  | 43%  | 55%  |
| April         | 46%  | 46%  | 51%  | 48%  |
| May           | 55%  | 56%  | 54%  | 48%  |
| June          | 55%  | 49%  | 47%  | 85%  |
| July          | 49%  | 42%  | 50%  | 108% |
| August        | 46%  | 44%  | 46%  | 112% |
| September     | 35%  | 34%  | 43%  | 112% |
| October       | 39%  | 38%  | 39%  | 109% |
| November      | 38%  | 35%  | 42%  | 109% |
| December      | 44%  | 32%  | 45%  | 130% |



| Condo     | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|
| January   | 25%  | 33%  | 20%  | 24%  |
| February  | 36%  | 46%  | 22%  | 34%  |
| March     | 45%  | 40%  | 29%  | 38%  |
| April     | 43%  | 37%  | 36%  | 30%  |
| May       | 46%  | 51%  | 31%  | 31%  |
| June      | 48%  | 41%  | 33%  | 55%  |
| July      | 39%  | 41%  | 34%  | 49%  |
| August    | 45%  | 37%  | 32%  | 77%  |
| September | 35%  | 29%  | 35%  | 74%  |
| October   | 37%  | 32%  | 32%  | 64%  |
| November  | 42%  | 29%  | 36%  | 71%  |
| December  | 39%  | 21%  | 33%  | 63%  |









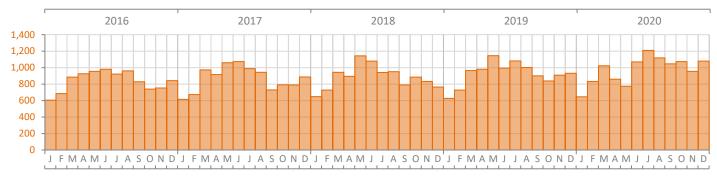
| Summary Statistics                                | December 2020   | December 2019   | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Closed Sales                                      | 1,078           | 932             | 15.7%                            |
| Paid in Cash                                      | 249             | 251             | -0.8%                            |
| Median Sale Price                                 | \$271,633       | \$245,250       | 10.8%                            |
| Average Sale Price                                | \$295,160       | \$260,947       | 13.1%                            |
| Dollar Volume                                     | \$318.2 Million | \$243.2 Million | 30.8%                            |
| Median Percent of Original<br>List Price Received | 100.0%          | 97.1%           | 3.0%                             |
| Median Time to Contract                           | 11 Days         | 29 Days         | -62.1%                           |
| Median Time to Sale                               | 56 Days         | 70 Days         | -20.0%                           |
| New Pending Sales                                 | 863             | 685             | 26.0%                            |
| New Listings                                      | 787             | 777             | 1.3%                             |
| Pending Inventory                                 | 1,193           | 868             | 37.4%                            |
| Inventory (Active Listings)                       | 958             | 2,119           | -54.8%                           |
| Months Supply of Inventory                        | 1.0             | 2.3             | -56.5%                           |

# **Closed Sales**

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

**Economists' note**: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

| Month          | Closed Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 11,678       | 5.2%                             |
| December 2020  | 1,078        | 15.7%                            |
| November 2020  | 954          | 5.2%                             |
| October 2020   | 1,072        | 27.9%                            |
| September 2020 | 1,045        | 16.1%                            |
| August 2020    | 1,118        | 11.6%                            |
| July 2020      | 1,208        | 11.9%                            |
| June 2020      | 1,070        | 7.6%                             |
| May 2020       | 774          | -32.3%                           |
| April 2020     | 859          | -12.3%                           |
| March 2020     | 1,023        | 6.0%                             |
| February 2020  | 832          | 14.3%                            |
| January 2020   | 645          | 3.0%                             |
| December 2019  | 932          | 21.8%                            |
|                |              |                                  |



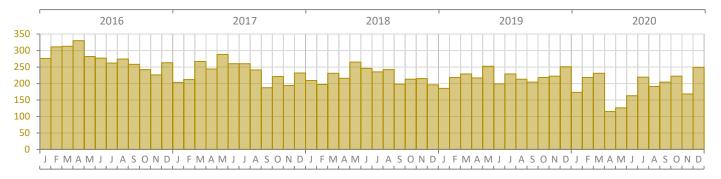


## Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

**Economists' note**: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

| Month          | Cash Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 2,279      | -13.6%                           |
| December 2020  | 249        | -0.8%                            |
| November 2020  | 168        | -24.3%                           |
| October 2020   | 222        | 1.8%                             |
| September 2020 | 204        | 0.0%                             |
| August 2020    | 191        | -10.3%                           |
| July 2020      | 219        | -4.4%                            |
| June 2020      | 163        | -18.1%                           |
| May 2020       | 126        | -50.0%                           |
| April 2020     | 115        | -47.0%                           |
| March 2020     | 231        | 0.9%                             |
| February 2020  | 218        | 0.0%                             |
| January 2020   | 173        | -6.5%                            |
| December 2019  | 251        | 28.1%                            |



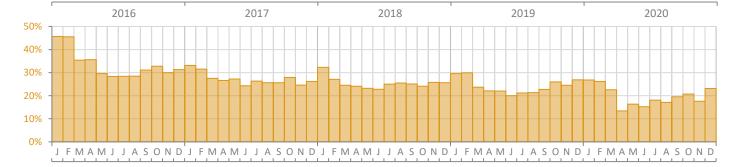
# Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

**Economists' note**: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

| ar |
|----|
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |
|    |





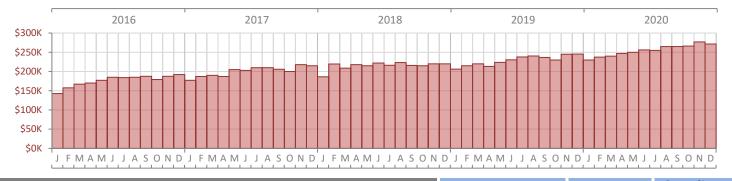


## Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

**Economists' note**: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

| Month          | Median Sale Price | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | \$257,000         | 11.7%                            |
| December 2020  | \$271,633         | 10.8%                            |
| November 2020  | \$276,965         | 13.0%                            |
| October 2020   | \$266,208         | 15.8%                            |
| September 2020 | \$264,900         | 11.9%                            |
| August 2020    | \$264,995         | 10.2%                            |
| July 2020      | \$255,000         | 7.1%                             |
| June 2020      | \$256,000         | 11.1%                            |
| May 2020       | \$250,000         | 11.7%                            |
| April 2020     | \$247,000         | 15.9%                            |
| March 2020     | \$240,000         | 9.1%                             |
| February 2020  | \$237,500         | 10.5%                            |
| January 2020   | \$229,900         | 11.6%                            |
| December 2019  | \$245,250         | 11.5%                            |

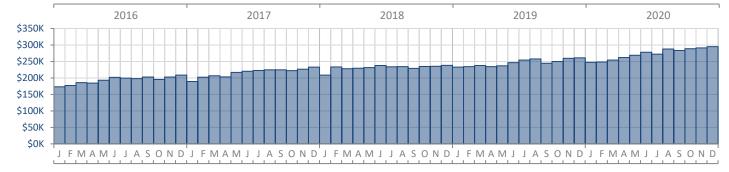


## Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

*Economists' note*: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

| Month          | Average Sale Price | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | \$274,738          | 11.6%                            |
| December 2020  | \$295,160          | 13.1%                            |
| November 2020  | \$290,979          | 12.1%                            |
| October 2020   | \$288,604          | 15.5%                            |
| September 2020 | \$283,179          | 15.9%                            |
| August 2020    | \$287,809          | 11.8%                            |
| July 2020      | \$272,146          | 7.1%                             |
| June 2020      | \$278,070          | 12.8%                            |
| May 2020       | \$268,802          | 13.6%                            |
| April 2020     | \$261,985          | 11.9%                            |
| March 2020     | \$254,049          | 7.0%                             |
| February 2020  | \$248,274          | 5.9%                             |
| January 2020   | \$247,597          | 6.3%                             |
| December 2019  | \$260,947          | 9.6%                             |
|                |                    |                                  |



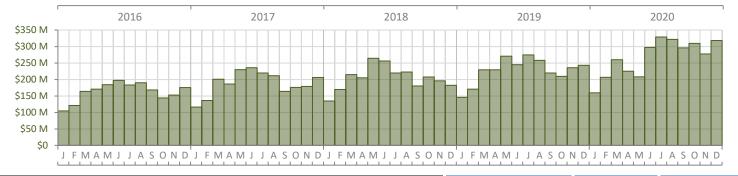


#### Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

*Economists' note*: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

| Month          | Dollar Volume   | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | \$3.2 Billion   | 17.5%                            |
| December 2020  | \$318.2 Million | 30.8%                            |
| November 2020  | \$277.6 Million | 17.9%                            |
| October 2020   | \$309.4 Million | 47.8%                            |
| September 2020 | \$295.9 Million | 34.6%                            |
| August 2020    | \$321.8 Million | 24.8%                            |
| July 2020      | \$328.8 Million | 19.8%                            |
| June 2020      | \$297.5 Million | 21.4%                            |
| May 2020       | \$208.1 Million | -23.2%                           |
| April 2020     | \$225.0 Million | -1.9%                            |
| March 2020     | \$259.9 Million | 13.4%                            |
| February 2020  | \$206.6 Million | 21.0%                            |
| January 2020   | \$159.7 Million | 9.5%                             |
| December 2019  | \$243.2 Million | 33.5%                            |
|                |                 |                                  |



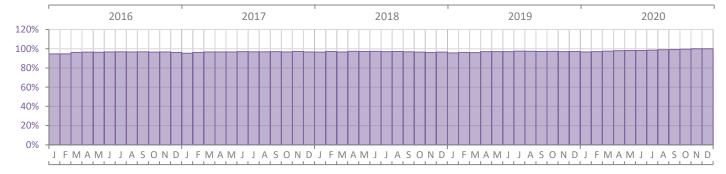
# Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

*Economists' note*: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

| Month          | Med. Pct. of Orig.<br>List Price Received | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 98.5%                                     | 1.7%                             |
| December 2020  | 100.0%                                    | 3.0%                             |
| November 2020  | 100.0%                                    | 3.2%                             |
| October 2020   | 99.5%                                     | 2.3%                             |
| September 2020 | 99.2%                                     | 2.2%                             |
| August 2020    | 98.9%                                     | 1.6%                             |
| July 2020      | 98.4%                                     | 1.0%                             |
| June 2020      | 98.1%                                     | 1.2%                             |
| May 2020       | 98.2%                                     | 1.3%                             |
| April 2020     | 97.9%                                     | 0.9%                             |
| March 2020     | 97.4%                                     | 1.5%                             |
| February 2020  | 97.0%                                     | 0.8%                             |
| January 2020   | 96.7%                                     | 1.0%                             |
| December 2019  | 97.1%                                     | 0.7%                             |







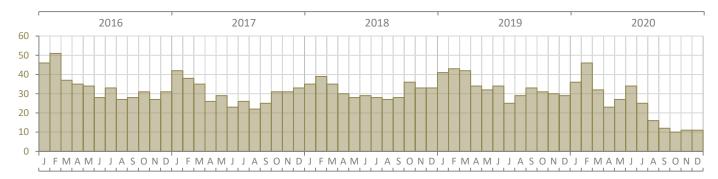
#### Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

*Economists' note*: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

| Median Time to<br>Contract | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year   |
|----------------------------|--|
| 21 Days                    | -36.4%   |
| 11 Days                    | -62.1%   |
| 11 Days                    | -63.3%   |
| 10 Days                    | -67.7%   |
| 12 Days                    | -63.6%   |
| 16 Days                    | -44.8%   |
| 25 Days                    | 0.0%   |
| 34 Days                    | 0.0%   |
| 27 Days                    | -15.6%   |
| 23 Days                    | -32.4%   |
| 32 Days                    | -23.8%   |
| 46 Days                    | 7.0%   |
| 36 Days                    | -12.2%   |
| 29 Days                    | -12.1%   |
|                            | Contract 21 Days 11 Days 11 Days 10 Days 12 Days 16 Days 25 Days 34 Days 27 Days 23 Days 32 Days 36 Days |





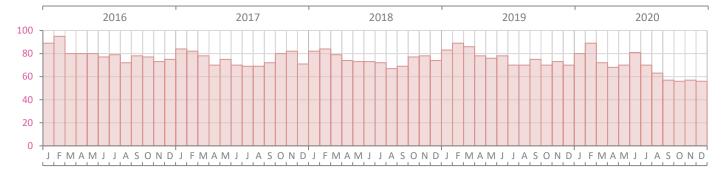
#### Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

**Economists' note**: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

| Month          | Median Time to Sale | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 65 Days             | -14.5%                           |
| December 2020  | 56 Days             | -20.0%                           |
| November 2020  | 57 Days             | -21.9%                           |
| October 2020   | 56 Days             | -20.0%                           |
| September 2020 | 57 Days             | -24.0%                           |
| August 2020    | 63 Days             | -10.0%                           |
| July 2020      | 70 Days             | 0.0%                             |
| June 2020      | 81 Days             | 3.8%                             |
| May 2020       | 70 Days             | -7.9%                            |
| April 2020     | 68 Days             | -12.8%                           |
| March 2020     | 72 Days             | -16.3%                           |
| February 2020  | 89 Days             | 0.0%                             |
| January 2020   | 80 Days             | -3.6%                            |
| December 2019  | 70 Days             | -5.4%                            |
|                |                     |                                  |





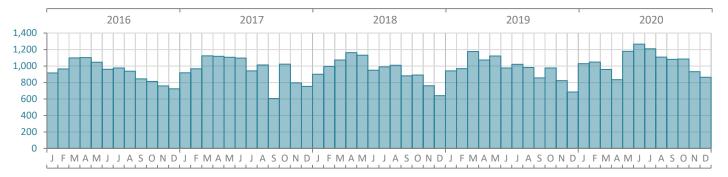


# **New Pending Sales**

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

*Economists' note*: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

| Month          | New Pending Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 12,587            | 8.5%                             |
| December 2020  | 863               | 26.0%                            |
| November 2020  | 932               | 13.2%                            |
| October 2020   | 1,085             | 11.2%                            |
| September 2020 | 1,081             | 26.3%                            |
| August 2020    | 1,107             | 12.7%                            |
| July 2020      | 1,208             | 18.3%                            |
| June 2020      | 1,265             | 29.6%                            |
| May 2020       | 1,177             | 4.9%                             |
| April 2020     | 834               | -22.2%                           |
| March 2020     | 959               | -18.5%                           |
| February 2020  | 1,048             | 8.2%                             |
| January 2020   | 1,028             | 9.2%                             |
| December 2019  | 685               | 7.0%                             |

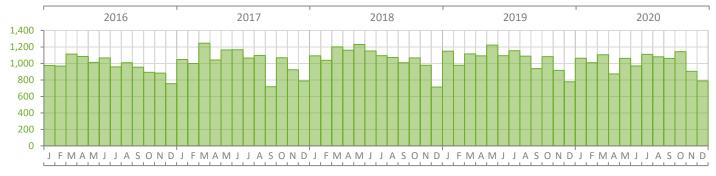


# **New Listings**

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

**Economists' note**: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

| Month          | New Listings | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 12,169       | -3.5%                            |
| December 2020  | 787          | 1.3%                             |
| November 2020  | 904          | -1.2%                            |
| October 2020   | 1,142        | 5.4%                             |
| September 2020 | 1,062        | 13.3%                            |
| August 2020    | 1,080        | -0.8%                            |
| July 2020      | 1,110        | -3.9%                            |
| June 2020      | 971          | -11.2%                           |
| May 2020       | 1,062        | -13.1%                           |
| April 2020     | 873          | -20.1%                           |
| March 2020     | 1,106        | -0.8%                            |
| February 2020  | 1,008        | 3.2%                             |
| January 2020   | 1,064        | -7.4%                            |
| December 2019  | 777          | 9.0%                             |
|                |              |                                  |





# Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

**Economists' note**: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

| Month             | Inventory | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| YTD (Monthly Avg) | 1,484     | -36.5%                           |
| December 2020     | 958       | -54.8%                           |
| November 2020     | 1,066     | -51.5%                           |
| October 2020      | 1,126     | -49.7%                           |
| September 2020    | 1,107     | -50.8%                           |
| August 2020       | 1,186     | -48.3%                           |
| July 2020         | 1,226     | -47.2%                           |
| June 2020         | 1,361     | -43.1%                           |
| May 2020          | 1,746     | -25.8%                           |
| April 2020        | 1,953     | -17.4%                           |
| March 2020        | 1,985     | -15.1%                           |
| February 2020     | 1,985     | -21.4%                           |
| January 2020      | 2,111     | -19.9%                           |
| December 2019     | 2,119     | -17.5%                           |



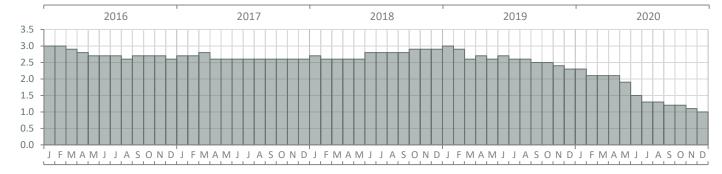
# Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

*Economists' note*: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

| Month             | Months Supply | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| YTD (Monthly Avg) | 2.0           | -23.1%                           |
| December 2020     | 1.0           | -56.5%                           |
| November 2020     | 1.1           | -54.2%                           |
| October 2020      | 1.2           | -52.0%                           |
| September 2020    | 1.2           | -52.0%                           |
| August 2020       | 1.3           | -50.0%                           |
| July 2020         | 1.3           | -50.0%                           |
| June 2020         | 1.5           | -44.4%                           |
| May 2020          | 1.9           | -26.9%                           |
| April 2020        | 2.1           | -22.2%                           |
| March 2020        | 2.1           | -19.2%                           |
| February 2020     | 2.1           | -27.6%                           |
| January 2020      | 2.3           | -23.3%                           |
| December 2019     | 2.3           | -20.7%                           |





**Median Time to Contract** 

# Monthly Market Detail - December 2020 Single Family Homes Pasco County



# Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

**Economists' note:** Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

| Sale Price            | Closed Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 1            | 0.0%                             |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 15           | -59.5%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 100          | -31.0%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 167          | 25.6%                            |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 152          | -10.1%                           |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 207          | 19.7%                            |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 244          | 50.6%                            |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 159          | 60.6%                            |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 29           | 163.6%                           |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 4            | 100.0%                           |

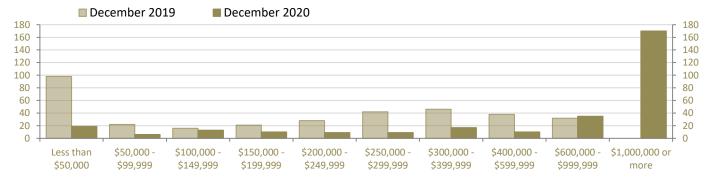


## Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

*Economists' note*: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

| Sale Price            | Median Time to<br>Contract | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 19 Days                    | -80.6%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 6 Days                     | -72.7%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 13 Days                    | -18.8%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 10 Days                    | -52.4%                           |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 9 Days                     | -67.9%                           |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 9 Days                     | -78.6%                           |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 17 Days                    | -63.0%                           |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 10 Days                    | -73.7%                           |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 35 Days                    | 9.4%                             |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 170 Days                   | N/A                              |





# New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

*Economists' note:* New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

| Initial Listing Price | New Listings | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 0            | -100.0%                          |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 15           | -65.1%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 76           | -36.1%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 143          | 32.4%                            |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 108          | -6.9%                            |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 120          | -15.5%                           |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 187          | 29.9%                            |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 106          | 32.5%                            |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 27           | 28.6%                            |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 5            | 150.0%                           |

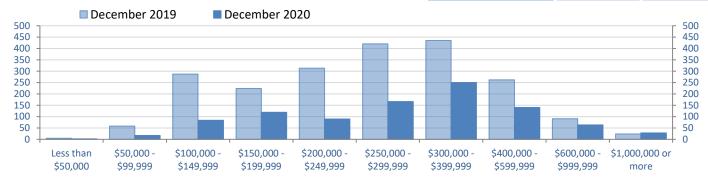


# Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

**Economists' note**: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

| Current Listing Price | Inventory | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 2         | -60.0%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 17        | -70.7%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 84        | -70.7%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 119       | -46.9%                           |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 89        | -71.6%                           |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 166       | -60.5%                           |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 250       | -42.5%                           |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 140       | -46.6%                           |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 63        | -30.8%                           |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 28        | 16.7%                            |

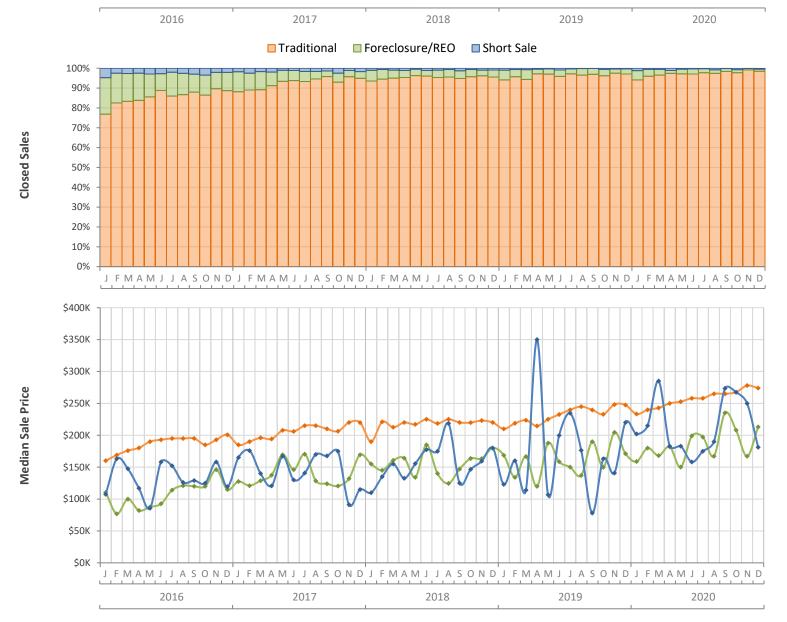


# Monthly Distressed Market - December 2020 Single Family Homes Pasco County





|                 |                   | December 2020 | December 2019 | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Traditional     | Closed Sales      | 1,061         | 905           | 17.2%                            |
| Hauitioliai     | Median Sale Price | \$274,000     | \$247,500     | 10.7%                            |
| Foreclosure/REO | Closed Sales      | 12            | 24            | -50.0%                           |
| FOIECIOSUIE/NEO | Median Sale Price | \$213,050     | \$171,250     | 24.4%                            |
| Short Sale      | Closed Sales      | 5             | 3             | 66.7%                            |
| SHULL SAIR      | Median Sale Price | \$181,200     | \$220,000     | -17.6%                           |







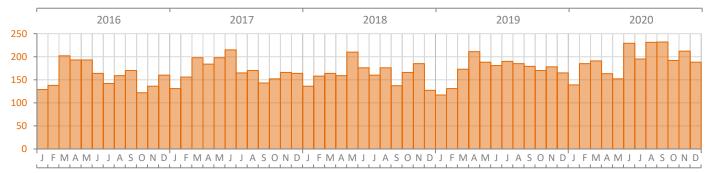
| Summary Statistics                                | December 2020  | December 2019  | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| Closed Sales                                      | 188            | 165            | 13.9%                            |
| Paid in Cash                                      | 64             | 67             | -4.5%                            |
| Median Sale Price                                 | \$199,995      | \$169,000      | 18.3%                            |
| Average Sale Price                                | \$190,117      | \$165,106      | 15.1%                            |
| Dollar Volume                                     | \$35.7 Million | \$27.2 Million | 31.2%                            |
| Median Percent of Original<br>List Price Received | 98.7%          | 97.3%          | 1.4%                             |
| Median Time to Contract                           | 21 Days        | 32 Days        | -34.4%                           |
| Median Time to Sale                               | 61 Days        | 79 Days        | -22.8%                           |
| New Pending Sales                                 | 157            | 161            | -2.5%                            |
| New Listings                                      | 155            | 145            | 6.9%                             |
| Pending Inventory                                 | 250            | 217            | 15.2%                            |
| Inventory (Active Listings)                       | 287            | 496            | -42.1%                           |
| Months Supply of Inventory                        | 1.5            | 2.9            | -48.3%                           |

# **Closed Sales**

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

*Economists' note*: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

| Closed Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year                      |
|--------------|---|
| 2,309        | 11.7%   |
| 188          | 13.9%   |
| 212          | 19.1%   |
| 192          | 12.9%   |
| 232          | 29.6%   |
| 231          | 24.9%   |
| 195          | 2.6%  |
| 229          | 26.5%   |
| 152          | -19.1%  |
| 163          | -22.7%  |
| 191          | 10.4%   |
| 185          | 41.2%   |
| 139          | 18.8%   |
| 165          | 29.9%   |
|              | 2,309 188 212 192 232 231 195 229 152 163 191 185 139 |



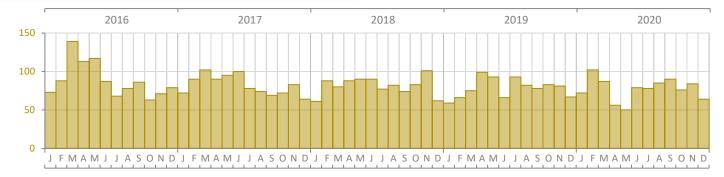


## Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

**Economists' note**: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

| Month          | Cash Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 923        | -2.0%                            |
| December 2020  | 64         | -4.5%                            |
| November 2020  | 84         | 3.7%                             |
| October 2020   | 76         | -8.4%                            |
| September 2020 | 90         | 15.4%                            |
| August 2020    | 85         | 3.7%                             |
| July 2020      | 78         | -16.1%                           |
| June 2020      | 79         | 19.7%                            |
| May 2020       | 50         | -46.2%                           |
| April 2020     | 56         | -43.4%                           |
| March 2020     | 87         | 16.0%                            |
| February 2020  | 102        | 54.5%                            |
| January 2020   | 72         | 22.0%                            |
| December 2019  | 67         | 8.1%                             |



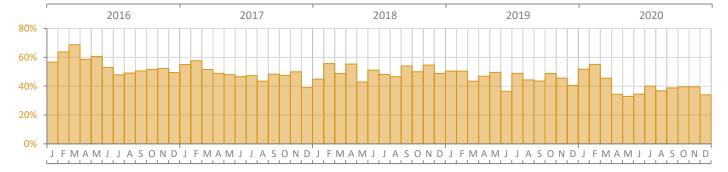
# Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

**Economists' note**: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

| Month          | Percent of Closed<br>Sales Paid in Cash | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 40.0%                                   | -12.3%                           |
| December 2020  | 34.0%                                   | -16.3%                           |
| November 2020  | 39.6%                                   | -13.0%                           |
| October 2020   | 39.6%                                   | -18.9%                           |
| September 2020 | 38.8%                                   | -11.0%                           |
| August 2020    | 36.8%                                   | -16.9%                           |
| July 2020      | 40.0%                                   | -18.2%                           |
| June 2020      | 34.5%                                   | -5.5%                            |
| May 2020       | 32.9%                                   | -33.5%                           |
| April 2020     | 34.4%                                   | -26.7%                           |
| March 2020     | 45.5%                                   | 4.8%                             |
| February 2020  | 55.1%                                   | 9.3%                             |
| January 2020   | 51.8%                                   | 2.8%                             |
| December 2019  | 40.6%                                   | -16.8%                           |
|                |   |                                  |





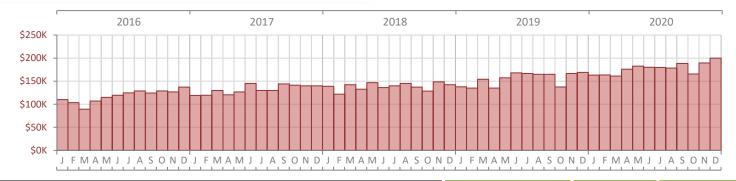


## Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

**Economists' note**: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

| Month          | Median Sale Price | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | \$179,900         | 16.1%                            |
| December 2020  | \$199,995         | 18.3%                            |
| November 2020  | \$189,500         | 13.8%                            |
| October 2020   | \$165,500         | 20.4%                            |
| September 2020 | \$188,495         | 14.2%                            |
| August 2020    | \$178,500         | 8.2%                             |
| July 2020      | \$179,900         | 8.0%                             |
| June 2020      | \$180,000         | 7.1%                             |
| May 2020       | \$182,495         | 16.1%                            |
| April 2020     | \$176,000         | 30.4%                            |
| March 2020     | \$161,000         | 4.5%                             |
| February 2020  | \$163,500         | 21.1%                            |
| January 2020   | \$163,000         | 18.1%                            |
| December 2019  | \$169,000         | 18.6%                            |

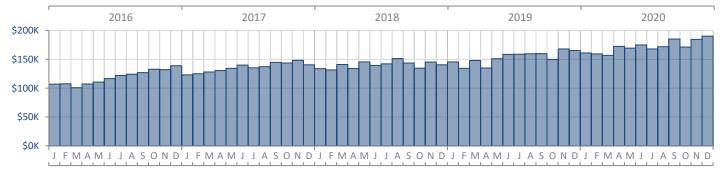


## Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

*Economists' note*: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

| Month          | Average Sale Price | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | \$172,768          | 12.8%                            |
| December 2020  | \$190,117          | 15.1%                            |
| November 2020  | \$184,699          | 10.0%                            |
| October 2020   | \$171,426          | 14.3%                            |
| September 2020 | \$185,095          | 15.7%                            |
| August 2020    | \$171,842          | 7.7%                             |
| July 2020      | \$168,089          | 5.8%                             |
| June 2020      | \$174,809          | 10.3%                            |
| May 2020       | \$169,390          | 12.0%                            |
| April 2020     | \$172,361          | 27.6%                            |
| March 2020     | \$156,825          | 5.9%                             |
| February 2020  | \$159,390          | 18.5%                            |
| January 2020   | \$161,017          | 10.7%                            |
| December 2019  | \$165,106          | 17.5%                            |
|                |                    |                                  |



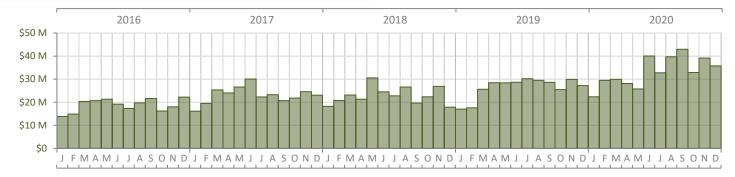


#### **Dollar Volume**

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

**Economists' note**: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

| Month          | Dollar Volume   | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | \$398.9 Million | 25.9%                            |
| December 2020  | \$35.7 Million  | 31.2%                            |
| November 2020  | \$39.2 Million  | 31.0%                            |
| October 2020   | \$32.9 Million  | 29.0%                            |
| September 2020 | \$42.9 Million  | 50.0%                            |
| August 2020    | \$39.7 Million  | 34.5%                            |
| July 2020      | \$32.8 Million  | 8.6%                             |
| June 2020      | \$40.0 Million  | 39.6%                            |
| May 2020       | \$25.7 Million  | -9.4%                            |
| April 2020     | \$28.1 Million  | -1.4%                            |
| March 2020     | \$30.0 Million  | 16.9%                            |
| February 2020  | \$29.5 Million  | 67.4%                            |
| January 2020   | \$22.4 Million  | 31.5%                            |
| December 2019  | \$27.2 Million  | 52.6%                            |



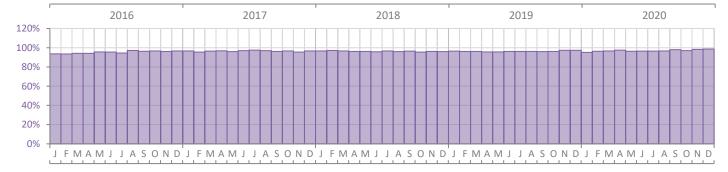
# Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

*Economists' note*: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

| Month                         | Med. Pct. of Orig.<br>List Price Received | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date                  | 96.9%                                     | 0.7%                             |
| December 2020                 | 98.7%                                     | 1.4%                             |
| November 2020                 | 98.3%                                     | 1.0%                             |
| October 2020                  | 97.0%                                     | 0.8%                             |
| September 2020                | 97.9%                                     | 2.0%                             |
| August 2020                   | 96.6%                                     | 0.5%                             |
| July 2020                     | 96.4%                                     | 0.3%                             |
| June 2020                     | 96.4%                                     | 0.2%                             |
| May 2020                      | 96.3%                                     | 0.6%                             |
| April 2020                    | 97.5%                                     | 1.9%                             |
| March 2020                    | 96.7%                                     | 0.6%                             |
| February 2020                 | 96.3%                                     | 0.2%                             |
| January 2020                  | 95.2%                                     | -1.2%                            |
| December 2019                 | 97.3%                                     | 1.4%                             |
| February 2020<br>January 2020 | 96.3%<br>95.2%                            | 0.2%                             |







## Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

*Economists' note*: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

| Month          | Median Time to<br>Contract | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 34 Days                    | -5.6%                            |
| December 2020  | 21 Days                    | -34.4%                           |
| November 2020  | 21 Days                    | -32.3%                           |
| October 2020   | 23 Days                    | -32.4%                           |
| September 2020 | 28 Days                    | -20.0%                           |
| August 2020    | 37 Days                    | 0.0%                             |
| July 2020      | 35 Days                    | -14.6%                           |
| June 2020      | 57 Days                    | 32.6%                            |
| May 2020       | 54 Days                    | 58.8%                            |
| April 2020     | 35 Days                    | 2.9%                             |
| March 2020     | 32 Days                    | -15.8%                           |
| February 2020  | 44 Days                    | -15.4%                           |
| January 2020   | 51 Days                    | 64.5%                            |
| December 2019  | 32 Days                    | 3.2%                             |





#### Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

**Economists' note**: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

| Median Time to Sale | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year  |
|---------------------|---|
| 80 Days             | 2.6%  |
| 61 Days             | -22.8%  |
| 66 Days             | -5.7%   |
| 68 Days             | -4.2%   |
| 72 Days             | -15.3%  |
| 84 Days             | 3.7%  |
| 78 Days             | 1.3%  |
| 98 Days             | 6.5%  |
| 98 Days             | 25.6%   |
| 83 Days             | 12.2%   |
| 66 Days             | -27.5%  |
| 86 Days             | 1.2%  |
| 87 Days             | 13.0%   |
| 79 Days             | 17.9%   |
|                     | 80 Days 61 Days 66 Days 68 Days 72 Days 84 Days 78 Days 98 Days 98 Days 83 Days 66 Days 86 Days 87 Days |





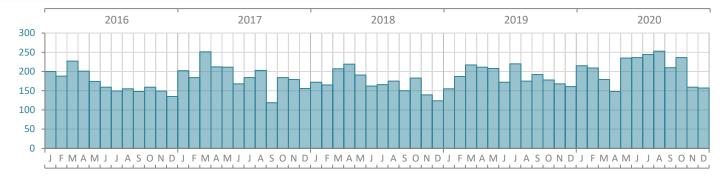


# **New Pending Sales**

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

**Economists' note**: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

| New Pending Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year  |
|-------------------|---|
| 2,481             | 10.6%   |
| 157               | -2.5%   |
| 159               | -5.4%   |
| 236               | 32.6%   |
| 210               | 9.4%  |
| 253               | 44.6%   |
| 244               | 10.9%   |
| 236               | 37.2%   |
| 235               | 13.0%   |
| 148               | -29.9%  |
| 179               | -17.5%  |
| 209               | 11.8%   |
| 215               | 38.7%   |
| 161               | 29.8%   |
|                   | 2,481<br>157<br>159<br>236<br>210<br>253<br>244<br>236<br>235<br>148<br>179<br>209<br>215 |

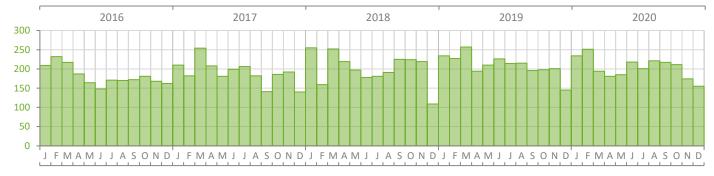


# **New Listings**

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

**Economists' note**: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

| Month          | New Listings | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 2,442        | -3.0%                            |
| December 2020  | 155          | 6.9%                             |
| November 2020  | 174          | -13.4%                           |
| October 2020   | 211          | 6.6%                             |
| September 2020 | 217          | 10.7%                            |
| August 2020    | 221          | 2.8%                             |
| July 2020      | 201          | -6.1%                            |
| June 2020      | 218          | -3.5%                            |
| May 2020       | 185          | -11.9%                           |
| April 2020     | 181          | -6.7%                            |
| March 2020     | 194          | -24.5%                           |
| February 2020  | 251          | 10.6%                            |
| January 2020   | 234          | 0.0%                             |
| December 2019  | 145          | 33.0%                            |
|                |              |                                  |



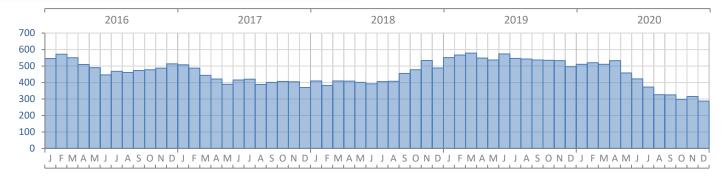


# **Inventory (Active Listings)**

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

**Economists' note**: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

| Month             | Inventory | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| YTD (Monthly Avg) | 406       | -25.5%                           |
| December 2020     | 287       | -42.1%                           |
| November 2020     | 315       | -40.9%                           |
| October 2020      | 298       | -44.3%                           |
| September 2020    | 325       | -39.4%                           |
| August 2020       | 326       | -39.9%                           |
| July 2020         | 372       | -31.9%                           |
| June 2020         | 422       | -26.4%                           |
| May 2020          | 458       | -14.6%                           |
| April 2020        | 533       | -2.7%                            |
| March 2020        | 510       | -11.8%                           |
| February 2020     | 520       | -8.3%                            |
| January 2020      | 510       | -7.4%                            |
| December 2019     | 496       | 1.6%                             |



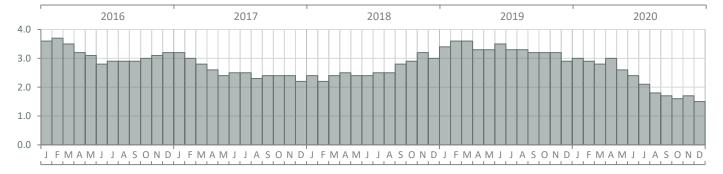
# Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

*Economists' note*: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

| Month             | Months Supply | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| YTD (Monthly Avg) | 2.0           | -39.4%                           |
| December 2020     | 1.5           | -48.3%                           |
| November 2020     | 1.7           | -46.9%                           |
| October 2020      | 1.6           | -50.0%                           |
| September 2020    | 1.7           | -46.9%                           |
| August 2020       | 1.8           | -45.5%                           |
| July 2020         | 2.1           | -36.4%                           |
| June 2020         | 2.4           | -31.4%                           |
| May 2020          | 2.6           | -21.2%                           |
| April 2020        | 3.0           | -9.1%                            |
| March 2020        | 2.8           | -22.2%                           |
| February 2020     | 2.9           | -19.4%                           |
| January 2020      | 3.0           | -11.8%                           |
| December 2019     | 2.9           | -3.3%                            |





**Median Time to Contract** 

# Monthly Market Detail - December 2020 Townhouses and Condos Pasco County



# Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

**Economists' note:** Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

| Sale Price            | Closed Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 2            | -50.0%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 35           | -10.3%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 19           | -9.5%                            |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 38           | -13.6%                           |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 50           | 13.6%                            |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 33           | 450.0%                           |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 11           | 57.1%                            |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 0            | N/A                              |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 0            | N/A                              |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 0            | N/A                              |

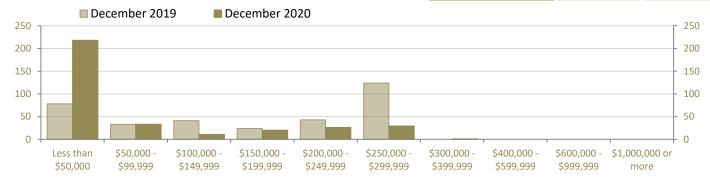


## Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

*Economists' note*: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

| Sale Price            | Median Time to<br>Contract | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 218 Days                   | 179.5%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 33 Days                    | 0.0%                             |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 11 Days                    | -73.2%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 20 Days                    | -16.7%                           |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 26 Days                    | -39.5%                           |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 29 Days                    | -76.6%                           |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 1 Day                      | N/A                              |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | (No Sales)                 | N/A                              |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | (No Sales)                 | N/A                              |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | (No Sales)                 | N/A                              |





# New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

*Economists' note:* New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

| Initial Listing Price | New Listings | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 2            | -60.0%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 26           | -23.5%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 24           | 33.3%                            |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 38           | 2.7%                             |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 28           | -31.7%                           |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 29           | 262.5%                           |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 8            | 300.0%                           |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 0            | N/A                              |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 0            | N/A                              |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 0            | N/A                              |

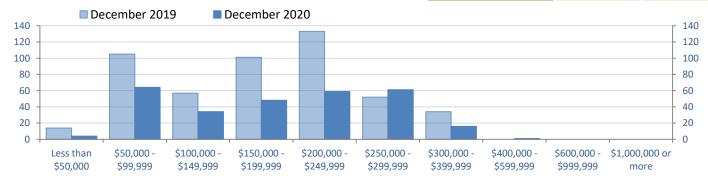


# Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

**Economists' note**: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

| Current Listing Price | Inventory | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 4         | -71.4%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 64        | -39.0%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 34        | -40.4%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 48        | -52.5%                           |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 59        | -55.6%                           |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 61        | 17.3%                            |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 16        | -52.9%                           |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 1         | N/A                              |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 0         | N/A                              |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 0         | N/A                              |



# Monthly Distressed Market - December 2020 Townhouses and Condos Pasco County





