## PINELLAS REALTOR

ORGANIZATION

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## Pinellas County Real Estate Statistics for March 2021

Single Family Homes and Townhomes/Condos were selling at higher prices year-over-year. The Average Sale Price for Single Family Homes increased $32.7 \%$ from $\$ 364,320$ in March 2020 to $\$ 483,271$ in March 2021. The Average Sale Price for Townhome/Condo was up $20.1 \%$ from $\$ 266,121$ in March 2020 to $\$ 319,524$ in March 2021. The Median Sale Price for Single Family Homes was up by $18.5 \%$ from last year at $\$ 287,000$ for March 2020 to $\$ 340,000$ for March 2021. The Median Sale Price for Townhomes/Condos increased $20.2 \%$ from $\$ 188,000$ in March 2020 to \$226,000 in March 2021.

Dollar Volume for Single Family Homes saw a $45.6 \%$ increase from $\$ 445.6$ million in March 2020 to $\$ 648.5$ million in 2021. Closed Sales for Single Family were up $9.7 \%$ year-over-year at 1,342 in March 2021, compared to $\mathbf{1 , 2 2 3}$ in March 2020. Paid in Cash sales for Single Family increased $34.5 \%$ from 336 in March 2020 to 452 in March 2021. The Months Supply of Inventory for Single Family Homes decreased $63.6 \%$ from 2.2 months in March 2020 to 0.8 month in March 2021. The Active Listings for Single Family Homes decreased $65.1 \%$ from 2,530 in March 2020 to 884 in March 2021. The Median Time to Contract for Single Family Homes was down $57.1 \%$ from 21 days in March 2020 to 9 days in March 2021. The Median Time to Sale for Single Family Homes decreased $19.0 \%$ from 58 days in March 2020 to 47 days in March 2021. New Listings for Single Family for March 2021 were 1,384, down $0.8 \%$ from March 2020 at 1,395.

Dollar Volume for Townhome/Condo increased $64.6 \%$ year-over-year from $\$ 214.8$ million in March 2020 to $\$ 353.4$ million in March 2021. Closed Sales for the Townhome/Condo segment were up $37.1 \%$ year-over-year, at 1,106 in March 2021 versus 807 in March 2020. Paid in Cash sales for Townhome/Condo increased $31.2 \%$ from 420 in March 2020 to 551 in March 2021. The Months Supply of Inventory for Townhome/Condo decreased $64.5 \%$ from 3.1 months in March 2020 to 1.1 months in March 2021. Active Listings for Townhomes/Condos were down $60.8 \%$ from 2,268 in March 2020 to 888 in March 2021. The Median Time to Contract for Townhome/Condo market decreased $33.3 \%$ from 27 days in March 2020 to 18 days March 2021. The Median Time to Sale for Townhome/Condo market decreased $15.4 \%$ from 65 days in March 2020 to 55 days in March 2021. New Listings for Townhome/Condos for March increased 20.7\% from 885 in 2020 to 1,068 in 2021.

Representing over 9,000 members, the Pinellas Realtor® Organization/Central Pasco Realtor® Organization is one of the Tampa Bay area's largest professional trade associations. The organization advances and promotes the real estate profession through professional development programs, government affairs, and political advocacy and maintains a high standard of conduct by real estate professionals through professional standards training and administration.

Combined Single Family Homes \& Townhomes/Condos


## PINELLAS REALTOR



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Absorption rate estimates the rate at which active listings are selling in a given market.

It's calculated by dividing the number of closed sales by the number of active listings.

A low absorption rate means that homes are selling slowly (suggesting a buyer's market) while a high absorption rate means that homes are selling quickly (suggesting a seller's market).

## Absorption Rate

| Single Family | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| January | $30 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $105 \%$ |
| February | $35 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $152 \%$ |
| March | $48 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $213 \%$ |
| April | $49 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $39 \%$ |  |
| May | $46 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $40 \%$ |  |
| June | $45 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $79 \%$ |  |
| July | $43 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $97 \%$ |  |
| August | $45 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $96 \%$ |  |
| September | $36 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $96 \%$ |  |
| October | $38 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $87 \%$ |  |
| November | $31 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $83 \%$ |  |
| December | $34 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $109 \%$ |  |


| Condo | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| January | $27 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| February | $29 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $84 \%$ |
| March | $36 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $148 \%$ |
| April | $41 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $24 \%$ |  |
| May | $44 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $21 \%$ |  |
| June | $40 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $37 \%$ |  |
| July | $39 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $48 \%$ |  |
| August | $40 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $48 \%$ |  |
| September | $31 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $51 \%$ |  |
| October | $32 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $53 \%$ |  |
| November | $30 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $47 \%$ |  |
| December | $28 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $56 \%$ |  |

The Voice for Real Estate ${ }^{\text {in }}$ in Florida


| Summary Statistics | March 2021 | March 2020 | Percent Change Year-over-Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Closed Sales | 1,342 | 1,223 | 9.7\% |
| Paid in Cash | 452 | 336 | 34.5\% |
| Median Sale Price | \$340,000 | \$287,000 | 18.5\% |
| Average Sale Price | \$483,271 | \$364,320 | 32.7\% |
| Dollar Volume | \$648.5 Million | \$445.6 Million | 45.6\% |
| Median Percent of Original List Price Received | 100.0\% | 97.0\% | 3.1\% |
| Median Time to Contract | 9 Days | 21 Days | -57.1\% |
| Median Time to Sale | 47 Days | 58 Days | -19.0\% |
| New Pending Sales | 1,396 | 1,001 | 39.5\% |
| New Listings | 1,384 | 1,395 | -0.8\% |
| Pending Inventory | 1,655 | 1,206 | 37.2\% |
| Inventory (Active Listings) | 884 | 2,530 | -65.1\% |
| Months Supply of Inventory | 0.8 | 2.2 | -63.6\% |

## Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note : Closed Sales are one of the simplest-yet most important-indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.


[^0]Monthly Market Detail - March 2021 Single Family Homes
Pinellas County
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## Cash Sales <br> The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

| Month | Cash Sales | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | 1,071 | $22.4 \%$ |
| March 2021 | 452 | $\mathbf{3 4 . 5 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | 339 | $20.2 \%$ |
| January 2021 | 280 | $8.9 \%$ |
| December 2020 | 375 | $17.6 \%$ |
| November 2020 | 294 | $10.5 \%$ |
| October 2020 | 352 | $19.3 \%$ |
| September 2020 | 303 | $-6.2 \%$ |
| August 2020 | 323 | $0.3 \%$ |
| July 2020 | 333 | $6.1 \%$ |
| June 2020 | 283 | $-9.0 \%$ |
| May 2020 | 181 | $-51.2 \%$ |
| April 2020 | 210 | $-30.7 \%$ |
| March 2020 | 336 | $3.7 \%$ |



| Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales | Month | Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year-to-Date | 32.2\% | 11.0\% |
|  | March 2021 | 33.7\% | 22.5\% |
|  | February 2021 | 32.6\% | 9.4\% |
|  | January 2021 | 29.6\% | -2.0\% |
| Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc. | December 2020 | 30.2\% | 10.2\% |
|  | November 2020 | 27.1\% | -3.6\% |
|  | October 2020 | 28.5\% | 5.9\% |
|  | September 2020 | 24.8\% | -16.2\% |
|  | August 2020 | 25.1\% | -4.2\% |
|  | July 2020 | 23.8\% | -1.7\% |
|  | June 2020 | 21.8\% | -17.4\% |
|  | May 2020 | 23.0\% | -9.8\% |
|  | April 2020 | 23.9\% | -5.5\% |
|  | March 2020 | 27.5\% | 0.0\% |



[^1]
## Median Sale Price

## The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50\% of sales were above and $50 \%$ of sales were below)

Economists' note : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that sold each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

| Month | Median Sale Price | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | $\$ 329,900$ | $17.8 \%$ |
| March 2021 | $\mathbf{\$ 3 4 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 . 5 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | $\$ 330,000$ | $17.9 \%$ |
| January 2021 | $\$ 309,450$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| December 2020 | $\$ 318,500$ | $15.7 \%$ |
| November 2020 | $\$ 320,000$ | $14.3 \%$ |
| October 2020 | $\$ 325,000$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| September 2020 | $\$ 320,000$ | $17.5 \%$ |
| August 2020 | $\$ 318,000$ | $14.4 \%$ |
| July 2020 | $\$ 308,000$ | $13.3 \%$ |
| June 2020 | $\$ 300,000$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| May 2020 | $\$ 285,000$ | $5.2 \%$ |
| April 2020 | $\$ 290,000$ | $7.4 \%$ |
| March 2020 | $\$ 287,000$ | $8.3 \%$ |



| Month | Average Sale Price | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | $\$ 442,084$ | $23.9 \%$ |
| March 2021 | $\$ 483,271$ | $\mathbf{3 2 . 7 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | $\$ 416,967$ | $15.2 \%$ |
| January 2021 | $\$ 411,267$ | $20.9 \%$ |
| December 2020 | $\$ 451,120$ | $22.8 \%$ |
| November 2020 | $\$ 417,397$ | $20.8 \%$ |
| October 2020 | $\$ 451,693$ | $31.4 \%$ |
| September 2020 | $\$ 424,021$ | $19.7 \%$ |
| August 2020 | $\$ 414,987$ | $12.0 \%$ |
| July 2020 | $\$ 400,711$ | $11.0 \%$ |
| June 2020 | $\$ 380,329$ | $6.5 \%$ |
| May 2020 | $\$ 364,707$ | $4.0 \%$ |
| April 2020 | $\$ 371,095$ | $3.9 \%$ |
| March 2020 | $\$ 364,320$ | $6.2 \%$ |



[^2]
## Dollar Volume <br> The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

| Month |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Year-to-Date |  |
| March 2021 |  |
| February 2021 |  |
| January 2021 |  |
| December 2020 |  |
| November 2020 |  |
| October 2020 |  |
| September 2020 |  |
| August 2020 |  |
| July 2020 |  |
| June 2020 |  |
| May 2020 |  |
| April 2020 |  |
| March 2020 |  |


| Dollar Volume | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :---: | :---: |
| \$1.5 Billion | $36.6 \%$ |
| \$648.5 Million | $\mathbf{4 5 . 6 \%}$ |
| \$433.6 Million | $26.7 \%$ |
| \$389.1 Million | $34.4 \%$ |
| \$560.3 Million | $31.0 \%$ |
| \$453.3 Million | $38.4 \%$ |
| \$557.4 Million | $48.0 \%$ |
| \$517.7 Million | $33.9 \%$ |
| \$533.7 Million | $17.2 \%$ |
| \$561.8 Million | $19.9 \%$ |
| \$492.9 Million | $17.2 \%$ |
| \$286.7 Million | $-43.8 \%$ |
| \$326.2 Million | $-23.9 \%$ |
| \$445.6 Million | $10.1 \%$ |



## Median Percent of Original List Price Received <br> The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a lagging indicator.

| Month | Med. Pct. of Orig. <br> List Price Received | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | $98.9 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |
| March 2021 | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 1 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | $98.6 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ |
| January 2021 | $98.1 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| December 2020 | $98.0 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| November 2020 | $98.9 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |
| October 2020 | $99.1 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |
| September 2020 | $98.7 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ |
| August 2020 | $97.8 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ |
| July 2020 | $97.6 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ |
| June 2020 | $97.0 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| May 2020 | $96.8 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| April 2020 | $97.3 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ |
| March 2020 | $97.0 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ |



[^3]
## Median Time to Contract

## The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

| Month | Median Time to <br> Contract | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | 13 Days | $-51.9 \%$ |
| March 2021 | 9 Days | $-57.1 \%$ |
| February 2021 | 17 Days | $-43.3 \%$ |
| January 2021 | 15 Days | $-53.1 \%$ |
| December 2020 | 11 Days | $-60.7 \%$ |
| November 2020 | 10 Days | $-62.5 \%$ |
| October 2020 | $-56.5 \%$ |  |
| September 2020 | 9 Days | $-64.0 \%$ |
| August 2020 | 14 Days | $-46.2 \%$ |
| July 2020 | 19 Days | $-32.1 \%$ |
| June 2020 | 28 Days | $7.7 \%$ |
| May 2020 | 22 Days | $-33.3 \%$ |
| April 2020 | 17 Days | $-46.9 \%$ |
| March 2020 | 21 Days | $-30.0 \%$ |



## Median Time to Sale <br> The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. Median Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, $50 \%$ of homes selling this month took less time to sell, and $50 \%$ of homes took more time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

| Month | Median Time to Sale | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | 52 Days | $-18.8 \%$ |
| March 2021 | 47 Days | $-\mathbf{- 1 9 . 0 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | 56 Days | $-17.6 \%$ |
| January 2021 | 57 Days | $-18.6 \%$ |
| December 2020 | 52 Days | $-22.4 \%$ |
| November 2020 | 50 Days | $-18.0 \%$ |
| October 2020 | 51 Days | $-20.3 \%$ |
| September 2020 | 50 Days | $-21.9 \%$ |
| August 2020 | 56 Days | $-15.2 \%$ |
| July 2020 | 62 Days | $-11.4 \%$ |
| June 2020 | 67 Days | $0.0 \%$ |
| May 2020 | 63 Days | $-12.5 \%$ |
| April 2020 | 56 Days | $-22.2 \%$ |
| March 2020 | 58 Days | $-12.1 \%$ |



[^4]
## New Pending Sales

## The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

| Month | New Pending Sales | Percent Change Year-over-Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | 3,866 | 11.0\% |
| March 2021 | 1,396 | 39.5\% |
| February 2021 | 1,231 | -1.4\% |
| January 2021 | 1,239 | 0.4\% |
| December 2020 | 1,042 | 18.7\% |
| November 2020 | 1,041 | 4.7\% |
| October 2020 | 1,251 | 13.3\% |
| September 2020 | 1,202 | 14.9\% |
| August 2020 | 1,335 | 10.1\% |
| July 2020 | 1,351 | 10.9\% |
| June 2020 | 1,471 | 19.3\% |
| May 2020 | 1,354 | -0.4\% |
| April 2020 | 846 | -38.2\% |
| March 2020 | 1,001 | -31.8\% |
| 2019 | 2020 |  |
|  | - \| |  |
| $\Gamma$ |  |  |
| , ${ }^{\text {a }}$, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |

## New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note : New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value-and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really new listings.

| Month | New Listings | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | 3,552 | $-9.7 \%$ |
| March 2021 | $\mathbf{1 , 3 8 4}$ | $-\mathbf{0 . 8 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | 1,107 | $-10.7 \%$ |
| January 2021 | 1,061 | $-18.4 \%$ |
| December 2020 | 943 | $10.0 \%$ |
| November 2020 | 1,063 | $-0.2 \%$ |
| October 2020 | 1,458 | $12.6 \%$ |
| September 2020 | 1,254 | $8.0 \%$ |
| August 2020 | 1,286 | $4.4 \%$ |
| July 2020 | 1,266 | $-5.0 \%$ |
| June 2020 | 1,229 | $-8.0 \%$ |
| May 2020 | 1,206 | $-13.6 \%$ |
| April 2020 | 940 | $-31.9 \%$ |
| March 2020 | 1,395 | $-5.7 \%$ |



[^5]
## Inventory (Active Listings)

## The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.


## Months Supply of Inventory <br> An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note : MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

| Month | Months Supply | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| YTD (Monthly Avg) | 1.0 | $-52.4 \%$ |
| March 2021 | $\mathbf{0 . 8}$ | $-63.6 \%$ |
| February 2021 | 0.8 | $-61.9 \%$ |
| January 2021 | 1.0 | $-52.4 \%$ |
| December 2020 | 1.2 | $-45.5 \%$ |
| November 2020 | 1.4 | $-41.7 \%$ |
| October 2020 | 1.5 | $-40.0 \%$ |
| September 2020 | 1.4 | $-41.7 \%$ |
| August 2020 | 1.4 | $-44.0 \%$ |
| July 2020 | 1.5 | $-42.3 \%$ |
| June 2020 | 1.7 | $-39.3 \%$ |
| May 2020 | 2.1 | $-25.0 \%$ |
| April 2020 | 2.2 | $-24.1 \%$ |
| March 2020 | 2.2 | $-26.7 \%$ |



[^6]
## Closed Sales by Sale Price

## The number of sales transactions which closed during

 the monthEconomists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important-indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

| Sale Price | Closed Sales | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less than $\$ 50,000$ | 0 | N/A |
| $\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999$ | 7 | $-63.2 \%$ |
| $\$ 100,000-\$ 149,999$ | 41 | $-33.9 \%$ |
| $\$ 150,000-\$ 199,999$ | 86 | $-40.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 200,000-\$ 249,999$ | 177 | $-22.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 250,000-\$ 299,999$ | 217 | $10.2 \%$ |
| $\$ 300,000-\$ 399,999$ | 311 | $25.9 \%$ |
| $\$ 400,000-\$ 599,999$ | 258 | $31.6 \%$ |
| $\$ 600,000-\$ 999,999$ | 149 | $56.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 1,000,000$ or more | 96 | $182.4 \%$ |

$\square$ March 2020 March 2021


## Median Time to Contract by Sale Price <br> The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

| Sale Price | Median Time to <br> Contract | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less than $\$ 50,000$ | (No Sales) | N/A |
| $\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999$ | 1 Day | $-97.6 \%$ |
| $\$ 100,000-\$ 149,999$ | 9 Days | $-52.6 \%$ |
| $\$ 150,000-\$ 199,999$ | 17 Days | $-19.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 200,000-\$ 249,999$ | 9 Days | $-52.6 \%$ |
| $\$ 250,000-\$ 299,999$ | 9 Days | $-43.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 300,000-\$ 399,999$ | 6 Days | $-70.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 400,000-\$ 599,999$ | 8 Days | $-60.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 600,000-\$ 999,999$ | 10 Days | $-69.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 1,000,000$ or more | 21 Days | $-68.2 \%$ |

March 2020
March 2021


[^7] Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

## New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value-and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really new listings.

| Initial Listing Price | New Listings | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less than $\$ 50,000$ | 0 | $-100.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999$ | 8 | $-46.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 100,000-\$ 149,999$ | 24 | $-54.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 150,000-\$ 199,999$ | 84 | $-52.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 200,000-\$ 249,999$ | 160 | $-32.5 \%$ |
| $\$ 250,000-\$ 299,999$ | 212 | $-4.5 \%$ |
| $\$ 300,000-\$ 399,999$ | 349 | $24.2 \%$ |
| $\$ 400,000-\$ 599,999$ | 295 | $35.9 \%$ |
| $\$ 600,000-\$ 999,999$ | 154 | $20.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 1,000,000$ or more | 98 | $58.1 \%$ |

$\square$ March 2020
March 2021


## Inventory by Current Listing Price

## The number of property listings active at the end of

 the monthEconomists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

| Current Listing Price | Inventory | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less than $\$ 50,000$ | 4 | $-42.9 \%$ |
| $\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999$ | 6 | $-82.9 \%$ |
| $\$ 100,000-\$ 149,999$ | 15 | $-86.1 \%$ |
| $\$ 150,000-\$ 199,999$ | 65 | $-71.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 200,000-\$ 249,999$ | 85 | $-72.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 250,000-\$ 299,999$ | 105 | $-65.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 300,000-\$ 399,999$ | 182 | $-56.5 \%$ |
| $\$ 400,000-\$ 599,999$ | 160 | $-64.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 600,000-\$ 999,999$ | 131 | $-65.1 \%$ |
| $\$ 1,000,000$ or more | 131 | $-56.5 \%$ |



[^8] Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

Single Family Homes Pinellas County

$\square$

| Traditional | Closed Sales | 1,333 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
|  | Median Sale Price | $\$ 341,125$ |


| March 2020 | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1,196 | $11.5 \%$ |
| $\$ 289,950$ | $17.6 \%$ |
| 23 | $-69.6 \%$ |
| $\$ 240,000$ | $-28.6 \%$ |
| 4 | $-50.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 117,500$ | $-8.7 \%$ |
| 2020 |  |

$\square$ Traditional $\square$ Foreclosure/REO $\square$ Short Sale



| Summary Statistics |
| :--- |
| Closed Sales |
| Paid in Cash |
| Median Sale Price |
| Average Sale Price |
| Dollar Volume |
| Median Percent of Original |
| List Price Received |
| Median Time to Contract |
| Median Time to Sale |
| New Pending Sales |
| New Listings |
| Pending Inventory |
| Inventory (Active Listings) |
| Months Supply of Inventory |


| March 2021 | March 2020 | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,106 | 807 | $37.1 \%$ |
| 551 | 420 | $31.2 \%$ |
| \$226,000 | \$188,000 | $20.2 \%$ |
| \$319,524 | \$266,121 | $20.1 \%$ |
| \$353.4 Million | \$214.8 Million | $64.6 \%$ |
| $97.9 \%$ | $96.0 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ |
| 18 Days | 27 Days | $-33.3 \%$ |
| 55 Days | 65 Days | $-15.4 \%$ |
| 1,216 | 586 | $107.5 \%$ |
| 1,068 | 885 | $20.7 \%$ |
| 1,593 | 952 | $67.3 \%$ |
| 888 | 2,268 | $-60.8 \%$ |
| 1.1 | 3.1 | $-64.5 \%$ |

## Closed Sales

## The number of sales transactions which closed during

 the monthEconomists' note : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important-indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

| Month |
| :--- |
| Year-to-Date |
| March 2021 |
| February 2021 |
| January 2021 |
| December 2020 |
| November 2020 |
| October 2020 |
| September 2020 |
| August 2020 |
| July 2020 |
| June 2020 |
| May 2020 |
| April 2020 |
| March 2020 |


| Closed Sales | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2,580 | $24.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 . 1 \%}$ |
| 821 | $13.2 \%$ |
| 653 | $20.0 \%$ |
| 848 | $11.0 \%$ |
| 769 | $20.2 \%$ |
| 887 | $25.1 \%$ |
| 843 | $25.1 \%$ |
| 850 | $13.3 \%$ |
| 912 | $13.4 \%$ |
| 728 | $-2.2 \%$ |
| 467 | $-48.1 \%$ |
| 553 | $-35.7 \%$ |
| 807 | $-8.2 \%$ |



[^9]
## Pinellas County

## Cash Sales

## The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.



Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales
The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

| Month | Percent of Closed <br> Sales Paid in Cash | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | $51.7 \%$ | $-4.1 \%$ |
| March 2021 | $49.8 \%$ | $-4.2 \%$ |
| February 2021 | $54.9 \%$ | $-1.3 \%$ |
| January 2021 | $51.0 \%$ | $-6.6 \%$ |
| December 2020 | $44.3 \%$ | $-10.5 \%$ |
| November 2020 | $47.6 \%$ | $-10.4 \%$ |
| October 2020 | $49.4 \%$ | $-2.4 \%$ |
| September 2020 | $45.1 \%$ | $-9.8 \%$ |
| August 2020 | $45.5 \%$ | $-11.0 \%$ |
| July 2020 | $44.5 \%$ | $-4.1 \%$ |
| June 2020 | $47.8 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| May 2020 | $47.5 \%$ | $-5.8 \%$ |
| April 2020 | $43.8 \%$ | $-13.4 \%$ |
| March 2020 | $52.0 \%$ | $-6.0 \%$ |

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

## Median Sale Price

## The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50\% of sales were above and $50 \%$ of sales were below)

Economists' note : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that sold each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

| Month |
| :--- |
| Year-to-Date |
| March 2021 |
| February 2021 |
| January 2021 |
| December 2020 |
| November 2020 |
| October 2020 |
| September 2020 |
| August 2020 |
| July 2020 |
| June 2020 |
| May 2020 |
| April 2020 |
| March 2020 |


| Median Sale Price | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 220,000$ | $21.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{\$ 2 2 6 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 2 \%}$ |
| $\$ 210,000$ | $17.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 225,000$ | $28.2 \%$ |
| $\$ 206,250$ | $11.5 \%$ |
| $\$ 223,500$ | $35.5 \%$ |
| $\$ 215,000$ | $22.9 \%$ |
| $\$ 220,000$ | $26.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 225,000$ | $32.4 \%$ |
| $\$ 200,000$ | $17.6 \%$ |
| $\$ 205,000$ | $18.5 \%$ |
| $\$ 180,000$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 196,500$ | $19.1 \%$ |
| $\$ 188,000$ | $10.6 \%$ |



## Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note : Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses-particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

| Month | Average Sale Price | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | $\$ 319,024$ | $20.7 \%$ |
| March 2021 | $\$ 319,524$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 1 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | $\$ 327,086$ | $24.1 \%$ |
| January 2021 | $\$ 308,040$ | $17.2 \%$ |
| December 2020 | $\$ 291,206$ | $15.1 \%$ |
| November 2020 | $\$ 315,342$ | $34.4 \%$ |
| October 2020 | $\$ 302,631$ | $19.7 \%$ |
| September 2020 | $\$ 310,194$ | $31.2 \%$ |
| August 2020 | $\$ 308,992$ | $22.7 \%$ |
| July 2020 | $\$ 292,486$ | $25.7 \%$ |
| June 2020 | $\$ 289,347$ | $18.8 \%$ |
| May 2020 | $\$ 264,894$ | $-0.2 \%$ |
| April 2020 | $\$ 266,537$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| March 2020 | $\$ 266,121$ | $-15.9 \%$ |



[^10]
## Dollar Volume

## The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

| Month |
| :--- |
| Year-to-Date |
| March 2021 |
| February 2021 |
| January 2021 |
| December 2020 |
| November 2020 |
| October 2020 |
| September 2020 |
| August 2020 |
| July 2020 |
| June 2020 |
| May 2020 |
| April 2020 |
| March 2020 |


| Dollar Volume | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: |
| \$823.1 Million | $50.0 \%$ |
| \$353.4 Million | $64.6 \%$ |
| \$268.5 Million | $40.5 \%$ |
| \$201.2 Million | $40.7 \%$ |
| \$246.9 Million | $27.7 \%$ |
| \$242.5 Million | $61.5 \%$ |
| \$268.4 Million | $49.7 \%$ |
| \$261.5 Million | $64.1 \%$ |
| \$262.6 Million | $39.0 \%$ |
| \$266.7 Million | $42.6 \%$ |
| \$210.6 Million | $16.3 \%$ |
| \$123.7 Million | $-48.2 \%$ |
| \$147.4 Million | $-34.2 \%$ |
| \$214.8 Million | $-22.7 \%$ |



## Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a lagging indicator.

| Month | Med. Pct. of Orig. <br> List Price Received | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | $97.1 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ |
| March 2021 | $97.9 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 . 0 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | $96.7 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ |
| January 2021 | $96.6 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| December 2020 | $96.7 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ |
| November 2020 | $96.7 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| October 2020 | $96.5 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| September 2020 | $96.5 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |
| August 2020 | $96.1 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| July 2020 | $95.6 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ |
| June 2020 | $96.0 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ |
| May 2020 | $95.2 \%$ | $-0.2 \%$ |
| April 2020 | $95.8 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| March 2020 | $96.0 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |



[^11]
## Median Time to Contract

## The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.


## Median Time to Sale <br> The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. Median Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, $50 \%$ of homes selling this month took less time to sell, and 50\% of homes took more time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

| Month | Median Time to Sale | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | 61 Days | $-14.1 \%$ |
| March 2021 | 55 Days | $-\mathbf{- 1 5 . 4 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | 64 Days | $-13.5 \%$ |
| January 2021 | 67 Days | $-13.0 \%$ |
| December 2020 | 61 Days | $-10.3 \%$ |
| November 2020 | 59 Days | $-10.6 \%$ |
| October 2020 | 61 Days | $-20.8 \%$ |
| September 2020 | 62 Days | $-19.5 \%$ |
| August 2020 | 73 Days | $-5.2 \%$ |
| July 2020 | 83 Days | $6.4 \%$ |
| June 2020 | 81 Days | $-1.2 \%$ |
| May 2020 | 78 Days | $-3.7 \%$ |
| April 2020 | 71 Days | $-5.3 \%$ |
| March 2020 | 65 Days | $-9.7 \%$ |



[^12]
## New Pending Sales

## The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.


## New Listings <br> The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note : New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value-and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really new listings.

| Month | New Listings | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year-to-Date | 2,840 | $-2.1 \%$ |
| March 2021 | $\mathbf{1 , 0 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 7 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | 885 | $-9.0 \%$ |
| January 2021 | 887 | $-14.9 \%$ |
| December 2020 | 663 | $10.1 \%$ |
| November 2020 | 821 | $-3.5 \%$ |
| October 2020 | 982 | $10.2 \%$ |
| September 2020 | 842 | $5.3 \%$ |
| August 2020 | 901 | $16.4 \%$ |
| July 2020 | 905 | $20.0 \%$ |
| June 2020 | 837 | $9.6 \%$ |
| May 2020 | 805 | $-4.7 \%$ |
| April 2020 | 541 | $-41.7 \%$ |
| March 2020 | 885 | $-16.2 \%$ |



[^13]
## Inventory (Active Listings)

## The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.


## Months Supply of Inventory <br> An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note : MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

| Month | Months Supply | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| YTD (Monthly Avg) | 1.0 | $-66.7 \%$ |
| March 2021 | $\mathbf{1 . 1}$ | $-\mathbf{- 6 4 . 5 \%}$ |
| February 2021 | 1.5 | $-48.3 \%$ |
| January 2021 | 1.8 | $-40.0 \%$ |
| December 2020 | 2.0 | $-28.6 \%$ |
| November 2020 | 2.2 | $-24.1 \%$ |
| October 2020 | 2.4 | $-14.3 \%$ |
| September 2020 | 2.4 | $-11.1 \%$ |
| August 2020 | 2.6 | $-7.1 \%$ |
| July 2020 | 2.7 | $-3.6 \%$ |
| June 2020 | 2.9 | $-6.5 \%$ |
| May 2020 | 3.2 | $0.0 \%$ |
| April 2020 | 3.2 | $-5.9 \%$ |
| March 2020 | 3.1 | $-11.4 \%$ |



[^14]
## Closed Sales by Sale Price

## The number of sales transactions which closed during

 the monthEconomists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest-yet most important-indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

| Sale Price | Closed Sales | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less than $\$ 50,000$ | 1 | $-90.9 \%$ |
| $\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999$ | 94 | $-8.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 100,000-\$ 149,999$ | 197 | $20.1 \%$ |
| $\$ 150,000-\$ 199,999$ | 185 | $17.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 200,000-\$ 249,999$ | 135 | $35.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 250,000-\$ 299,999$ | 94 | $25.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 300,000-\$ 399,999$ | 149 | $91.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 400,000-\$ 599,999$ | 124 | $96.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 600,000-\$ 999,999$ | 93 | $181.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 1,000,000$ or more | 34 | $47.8 \%$ |

$\square$ March 2020 March 2021


## Median Time to Contract by Sale Price <br> The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

| Sale Price | Median Time to <br> Contract | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less than $\$ 50,000$ | 157 Days | $65.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999$ | 31 Days | $19.2 \%$ |
| $\$ 100,000-\$ 149,999$ | 23 Days | $-4.2 \%$ |
| $\$ 150,000-\$ 199,999$ | 15 Days | $-31.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 200,000-\$ 249,999$ | 12 Days | $-65.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 250,000-\$ 299,999$ | 12 Days | $-50.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 300,000-\$ 399,999$ | 17 Days | $41.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 400,000-\$ 599,999$ | 25 Days | $-53.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 600,000-\$ 999,999$ | 17 Days | $-82.1 \%$ |
| $\$ 1,000,000$ or more | 13 Days | $-81.2 \%$ |

$\square$ March 2020
March 2021


[^15] Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

## New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value-and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really new listings.

| Initial Listing Price | New Listings | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less than $\$ 50,000$ | 4 | $300.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999$ | 84 | $-31.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 100,000-\$ 149,999$ | 172 | $-1.1 \%$ |
| $\$ 150,000-\$ 199,999$ | 168 | $9.1 \%$ |
| $\$ 200,000-\$ 249,999$ | 113 | $14.1 \%$ |
| $\$ 250,000-\$ 299,999$ | 112 | $49.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 300,000-\$ 399,999$ | 139 | $44.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 400,000-\$ 599,999$ | 114 | $21.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 600,000-\$ 999,999$ | 98 | $100.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 1,000,000$ or more | 64 | $220.0 \%$ |

March 2020
March 2021


## Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

| Current Listing Price | Inventory | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less than $\$ 50,000$ | 9 | $-30.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999$ | 121 | $-51.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 100,000-\$ 149,999$ | 163 | $-57.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 150,000-\$ 199,999$ | 106 | $-66.9 \%$ |
| $\$ 200,000-\$ 249,999$ | 67 | $-63.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 250,000-\$ 299,999$ | 72 | $-63.5 \%$ |
| $\$ 300,000-\$ 399,999$ | 95 | $-62.9 \%$ |
| $\$ 400,000-\$ 599,999$ | 87 | $-70.6 \%$ |
| $\$ 600,000-\$ 999,999$ | 91 | $-59.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 1,000,000$ or more | 77 | $-48.3 \%$ |



[^16] Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

Townhouses and Condos Pinellas County

$\square$
$\square$ March 2021

| March 2020 | Percent Change <br> Year-over-Year |
| :---: | :---: |
| 794 | $38.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 188,500$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| 11 | $-54.5 \%$ |
| $\$ 115,000$ | $32.2 \%$ |
| 2 | $-100.0 \%$ |
| $\$ 292,275$ | N/A |
| 2020 |  |

$\square$ Traditional $\square$ Foreclosure/REO $\square$ Short Sale



[^0]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15 th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^1]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® ${ }^{\circledR}$ with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15 th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^2]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^3]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^4]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^5]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^6]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^7]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15 th day of the following month.

[^8]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month.

[^9]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^10]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^11]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^12]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

[^13]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, April 22, 2021. Next data release is Friday, May 21, 2021.

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[^15]:    Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15 th day of the following month.

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