GET THE FACTS ABOUT RISK RATING 2.0

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Cyndee Haydon

2022 NAR Vice Chair, Insurance CommitteeNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®









AGENDA

- Overview and Welcome
- Current FEMA Insurance Rating System
- Risk Rating 2.0 What REALTORS Need to Know
- Member Resources
- Thank you!

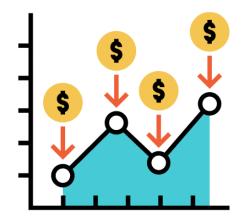


NFIP - National Flood Insurance Program



\$60 Billion Collected since the 1970s COST

\$96 Billion Paid Out



- Hurricane Katrina in 2005 had the highest NFIP payouts, at \$16.3 billion.
- Hurricane Harvey ranked second with \$8.9 billion in NFIP payouts.
- Superstorm Sandy, ranked third, with \$8.8 billion in NFIP payouts.
- Hurricane Irma, ranked ninth with \$1.1 billion in payouts.
- Hurricane Ida, 2021 cost unknown but significant

Source: FEMA.gov





2012 Biggert-Waters Act



Wright National Flood Insurance Company
A Stock Company
PO Box 33003
St. Petersburg, FL, 33733
Office: 800.820.3242 x 0

Fax: 800.850.3299

* AGENCY INFORMATION

Agency Number Agency

86255

MORRIS & TEMPLETON INSURANCE

AGENCY INC

PO BOX 15088,

SAVANNAH, GA 31416-1788 (912) 355-4549

Phone Number

Construction Date

Building Replacement Cost

Building Elevated

01/01/1986

\$300,000.00

Building is elevated

COMMUNITY INFORMATION

Program Type Community

City, State, Zip

Address

Flood Regular Policies

130016 - BRYAN COUNTY *

Zone Determination Number Zone Reference Number DRP00000000005862342

\$87,574.00

Flood Risk/Rated Zone

VE

BUILDING INFORMATION

Property Address City, State, Zip Occupancy Type

Building Type

Basement

Elevation Certificate

3318 FORT MCALLISTER RD RICHMOND HILL, GA 31324-4805

Single Family Two Floors

Yes 9.3 feet

Lowest Floor Elevation
Location of Contents

9.3 feet
Basement / Enclosure and Above

Finished

Condominium Cove
Construction Date
Building Replaceme
Building Elevated
Elevation Difference
Building Flood Prod
Enclosure

COVERAGE/PREMIUM INFORMATI

 Coverage
 Limits
 Deductible
 RPH Basic

 Building
 \$250,000.00
 \$1,000.00
 25.00

 Contents
 \$100,000.00
 \$1,000.00
 25.00

Discount/Surcharge

1 Year Premium

\$87,574.00

IMPORTANT NOTES

THIS IS NOT AN OFFER FOR INSURANCE. THIS QUOTE IS NON-FIRM AND NON-BINDING AND SUBJECT TO REVIEW AND ADJUSTMENT.

Please submit the required documentation listed on your application summary for review and approval. If additional information is required to actuarially rate the risk, you will be contacted.





Selling real estate since Biggert Waters

Fear - How high will it go?

Uncertainty - When and how will it happen?

Doubt - Can Clients really afford to live here long term?

And now add increased
Climate events and sea level rise





NAR has worked 10 years with FEMA on a Long Term, Equitable solution

2012 - Biggert Waters

2014 - Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act

2015 - NAR Forms Insurance Committee to hire Actuaries and Work with FEMA



2021 - NFIP Risk Rating 2.0

RPAC and Advocacy at work



Austin Perez

NAR Staff Executive, Insurance Committee

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®



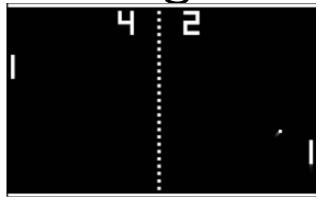






Problem 1: Current NFIP rates developed 50

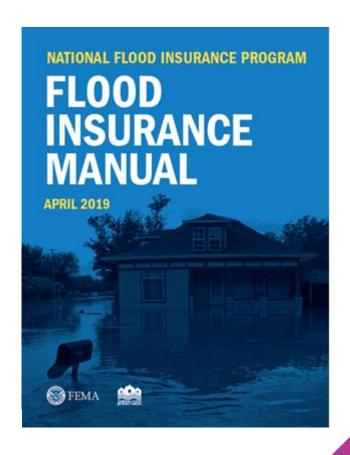
years ago





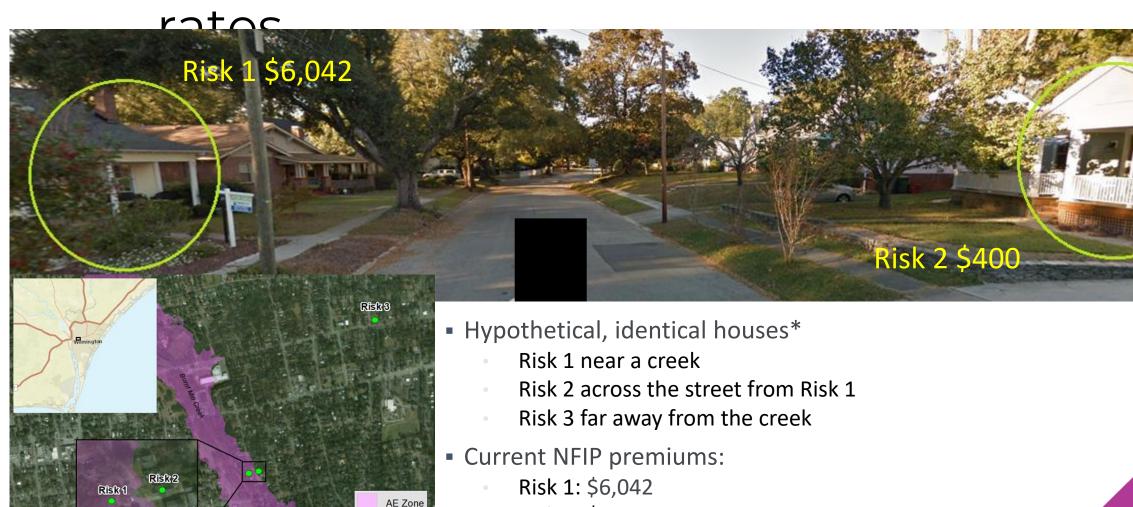


Base Flood Elevation (BFE) and Special Flood Hazard Area



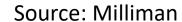


Problem 2: Neighbors with very different



Risk 2: \$400

Risk 3: \$400







Problem 3: Repetitive Loss Properties



Herbert Street Goldsboro, North Carolina

	Hurricane	Hurricane
PROPERTY FLOOD PROFILE	Matthew	Florence
Flood Elevation (NAVD88 ft)	69.5 ft	71.6 ft
1% Base Flood Elevation	25	90
Building Type	Single-Family	Single-Family
Flood Elevation in Structure	4.3 ft	6.6 ft
Estimated Cost to Repair Structure **	\$44,309	\$55,252
Estimated Cost for Content **	\$22,155	\$27,626
Estimated Total Recovery Cost	\$66,464	\$82,878
Estimated Annual NFIP Insurance Rate*	\$1,530 - \$2,290	
Gauge Location	Neuse River at Goldsboro	

^{*} The estimated NFIP Insurance premium utilized the legacy NFIP methodology and North Carolina provided structure-specific information to generate the rate.

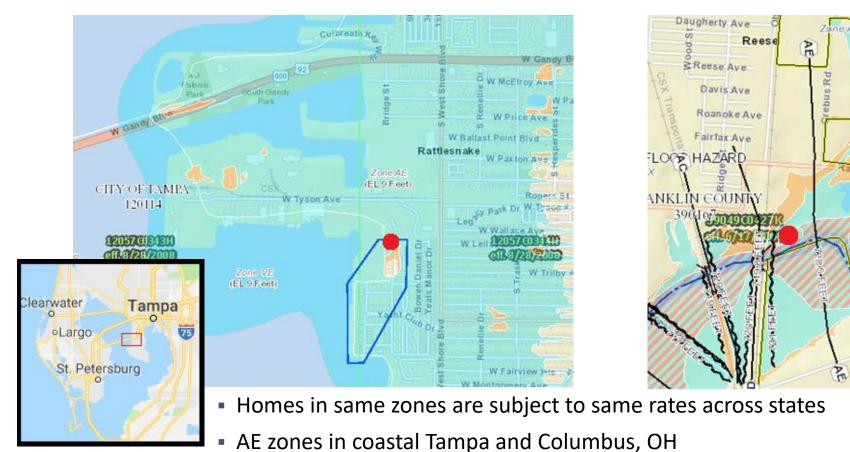
Source: John Dorman, Assistant State Emergency Management Director for Risk Management, North Carolina

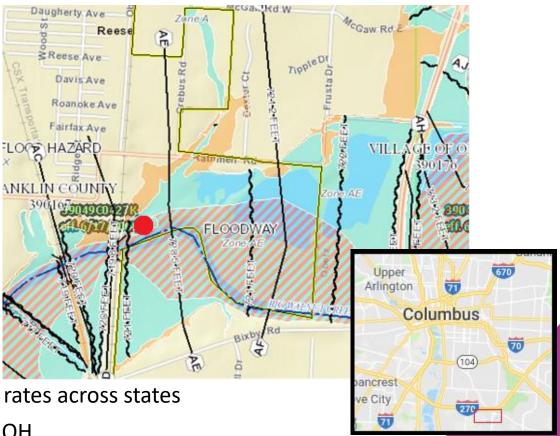




^{**} Rates were calculated by North Carolina Risk Management utilizing ACOE Wilmington District damage curves and RS Means.

Problem 4: Many paying more than their share of the risk





Source: Milliman

Identical houses at these locations

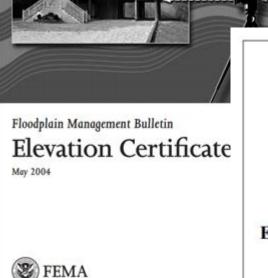
- One-story, frame house worth \$250k
- First floor 1 foot above base flood elevation
- No basement, built 1990

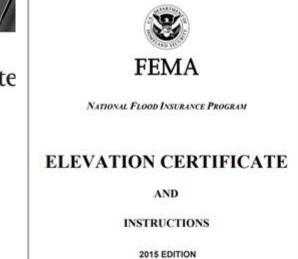




Problem 5: Elevation certificate requirements

- Required for some homes, but not all
- Depends on several factors: flood zone, year of construction, year of initial map
- Process / decision / cost that most homeowners don't fully understand
- Depends on many parties all doing their jobs adequately and seamlessly in short timeframe





Source: Milliman



Risk Rating 2.0 is product of collaboration and science

TIME: Research, design, analysis, development, and testing translates to 5+ years of work and thousands of hours.

PEOPLE: The cross-functional team of 20+ NFIP program experts, including 8+ full-time actuaries, collaborated with a diverse network of experts from a wide range of disciplines:

- **Academics**
- **Actuaries**
- **Building scientists**

- Engineers
- Insurance industry experts
- Mappers

- Underwriters
- Mitigation experts

TECHNOLOGY: Cutting-edge technology and best available data used to make a modern-day program:

Private Sector Rate Setting Methods

Private Sector Catastrophe Models

CoreLogic

Government Models, Available Data, and Collaborations















Source: FEMA





Risk Rating 2.0 prices each home individually rather than by flood zone

Current Rating Methodology

FEMA-sourced data

Rating Variables

- Flood Insurance Rate Map Zone
- Base Flood Elevation
- Foundation Type
- Structural Elevation (Special Flood Hazard Area Only)

1% Annual Chance of Flooding (Frequency)

Fees and Surcharges

Source: FEMA

Risk Rating 2.0 Methodology*

FEMA-sourced data

Additional data sources: Federal governmentsourced data, commercially available third-party

Cost to Rebuild

Rating Variables

- Distance to Coast/Ocean/River
- River Class
- Flood type Fluvial/Pluvial
- Ground Elevation
- · First Floor Height
- Construction Type/Foundation Type

Broader Range of Flood Frequencies

Fees and Surcharges





Risk Rating 2.0 adopts modern insurance industry technologies, practices and standards

Methodology	Single-Family Home Maximum Policy Cost*
Current Rating Methodology	\$45,925
Risk Rating 2.0	\$12,125

Source: FEMA





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Old NFIP 1.0 Policy Facts



Today NFIP rates can rise 18%-25% per year until they hit \$63,000 for a \$250,000 Policy



Source: Fema.gov



NFIP is 50+ years old & rate based only on flood zone and elevation today



Rates never stops rising for Pre-Firm Grandfathered homes



2/3rds of older Pre-Firm homes are overpaying under the current system



Old NFIP Not Sustainable for homeowners or taxpayers



Risk Rating 2.0
Leverages Modern Insurance Technology, Standards and LIDAR data

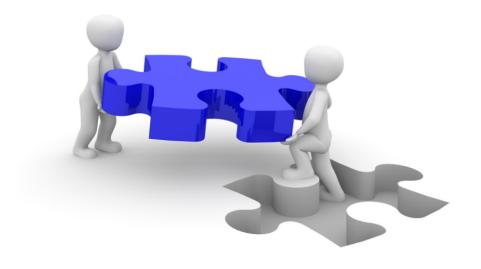


Provides Actuarially Sound Rates that are Equitable and Easy to Understand





Risk Rating 2.0 Facts





New Maximum Rate is \$12,125/yr (a 73% decrease)



23% see Immediate Decrease and most will pay about the same



Uses property specific factors including buildings unique elevation, distance to water and cost to rebuild



Seller can still transfer their policy to the buyer



Buyers can get quotes immediately -Don't need Elevation Certifcate





Risk Rating 2.0 Facts

Buyers Can Now Make Educated Decisions with all the Facts





Maintains same 18%-25% cap on annual increases so no big jumps



Fewer policy holders seeing \$100/mo increases; only 3200 nationwide vs 45,000 under old rating structure



Now lower value homes don't cross subsidize high value homes



All policies (even X zone) get property specific rates and mitigation discounts including CRS



Buyers now can shop private market and not worry about coming back to NFIP





What's Not Changing

- Residential & Commercial Policy Coverage stays the same \$250,000 property / \$100,000 contents;
- Buyer can still assume/transfer the Seller's policy so no big jumps on day 1.
- Still have 18% or 25% maximum increases for existing policies when transferred
- Still required to have flood insurance if in a Special Flood Hazard Area like AE &
 VE and have a federally backed mortgage
- Community Rating System (CRS) discounts of 5-45% still apply
- Elevation certificates are now optional and can be used if it will help get more favorable rates





Selling real estate after Oct 1, 2021

- Buyers and Sellers will now know home's true actuarial rate
- Discloses and Empowers Buyers and Sellers with the data
- Allows Buyers to decide if they are comfortable with total and future cost of ownership.
- NFIP isn't only rising insurance cost facing Florida



Remember - Buyers can assume Seller's NFIP Policy





Risk Rating 2.0 – National Rate Analysis

Under the **current rating methodology**, every year at renewal, policyholders on average see premium increases of \$8 per month.





Federal Emergency Management Agency

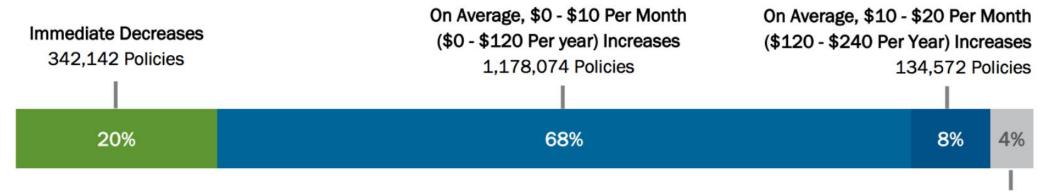
For more info go to www.fema.gov/NfipTransformation





NFIP Policies in Force in FL	Properties in FL Not Covered by NFIP Policy	Average NFIP Claim Payout in the Past 10 Years	Average Individual Assistance Claim Payout in the Past 10 Years
1,727,900	5.9 million	\$28,100	\$5,100

Risk Rating 2.0 in Florida



On Average, Greater Than \$20 Per Month (\$240 Per Year) Increases 73,113 Policies

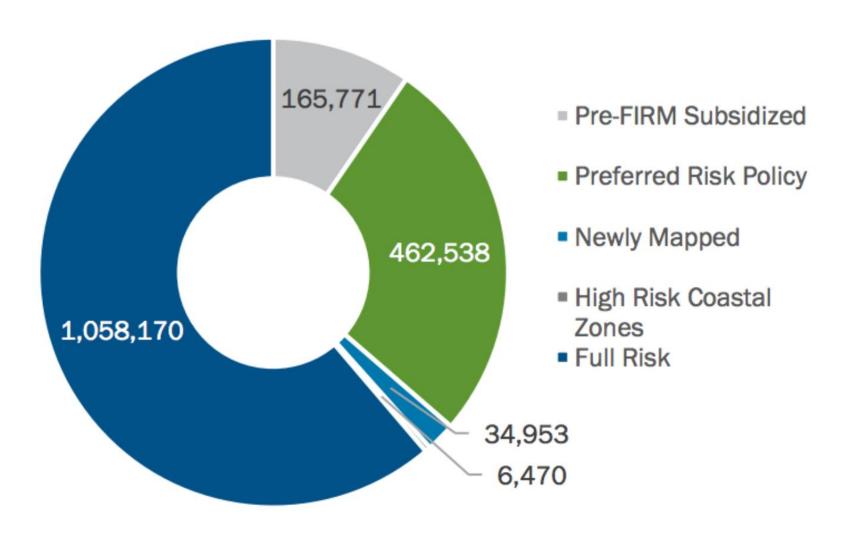


March 2021 1





NFIP Policies in Force in FL by Rate Class



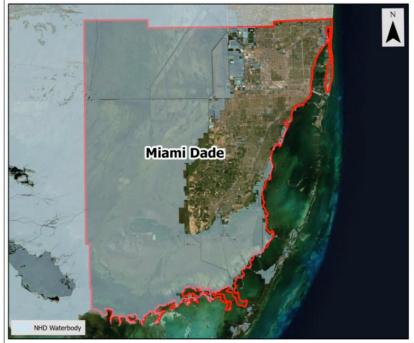


FEMA is building on years of investment in flood hazard information by incorporating private sector data sets, catastrophe models and evolving actuarial science.

With Risk Rating 2.0, FEMA now has the capability and tools to address rating disparities by incorporating more flood risk variables. These include flood frequency, multiple flood types—river overflow, storm surge, coastal erosion and heavy rainfall—and distance to a water source along with property characteristics such as elevation and the cost to rebuild.

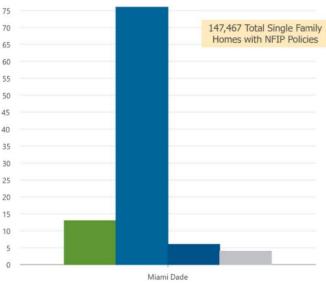


On Average, Greater Than \$20 Per Month (\$240 Per Year) Increases 73,113 Policies



Miami Dade County

Flood Insurance Changes with Risk Rating 2.0



13 %	Immediate Decrease in Insurance Policy Cost 19,615 properties
76 %	Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by \$0 to \$120 per year, 112,763 properties
6 %	Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by \$120 to \$240 per year, 8,953 properties
1 0/-	Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by greater

Created by No Flood Florida with data provided by FEMA's Risk Rating 2.0, May 2021

than \$240 per year, 6,136 properties

4 %





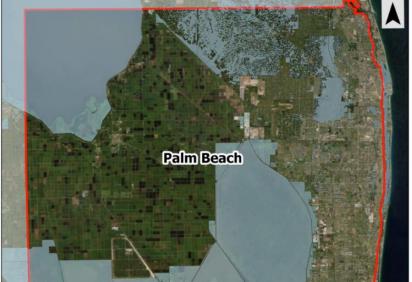
NHD Waterbody

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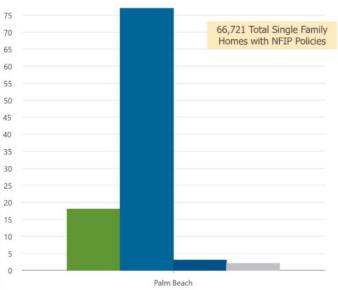
Risk Rating 2.0 in Florida Immediate Decreases 342,142 Policies On Average, \$0 - \$10 Per Month (\$0 - \$120 Per year) Increases 1,178,074 Policies 1,178,074 Policies 1,178,074 Policies 1,178,074 Policies On Average, \$10 - \$20 Per Month (\$120 - \$240 Per Year) Increases 134,572 Policies On Average, Greater Than \$20 Per

Month (\$240 Per Year) Increases 73,113 Policies



Palm Beach County

Flood Insurance Changes with Risk Rating 2.0









Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by greater
than \$240 per year, 1,100 properties





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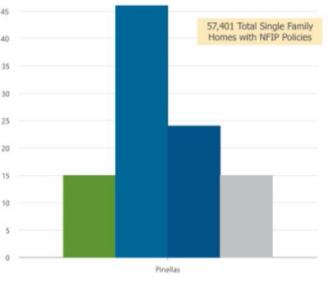
Risk Rating 2.0 in Florida On Average, \$0 - \$1.0 Per Month Immediate Decreases 342.142 Policies On Average, \$0 - \$1.0 Per Month (\$0 - \$120 Per year) Increases 1.170,074 Policies 1.170,074 Policies On Average, \$10 - \$240 Per Year) Increases 234.572 Pulicies On Average, Greater Than \$20 Per Month (\$240 Per Year) Increases

73.113 Policies



Pinellas County

Flood Insurance Changes with Risk Rating 2.0









15 %	Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by greate
	than \$240 per year, 8,717 properties



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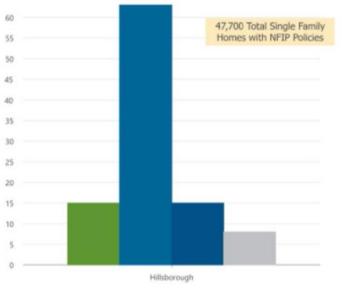
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73,113 Policies



Hillsborough County

Flood Insurance Changes with Risk Rating 2.0



15 %	Immediate Decrease in Insurance Policy Cost 6,920 properties
63 %	Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by \$0 to \$120 per year, 29,918 properties
15 %	Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by \$120 to \$240 per year, 7,028 properties
8 %	Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by greater than \$240 per year, 3,834 properties



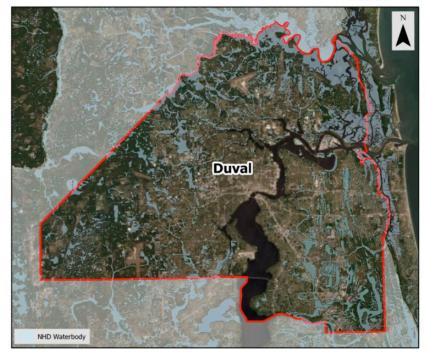


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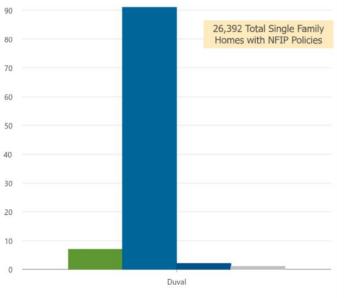
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On Average, Greater Than \$20 Per Month (\$240 Per Year) Increases 73,113 Policies



Duval County

Flood Insurance Changes with Risk Rating 2.0



- 7 % Immediate Decrease in Insurance Policy Cost 1,748 properties
- 91 % Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by \$0 to \$120 per year, 23,892 properties
- 2 % Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by \$120 to \$240 per year, 566 properties
- Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by greater than \$240 per year, 186 properties





FEMA is building on years of investment in flood hazard information by incorporating private sector data sets, catastrophe models and evolving actuarial science.

With Risk Rating 2.0, FEMA now has the capability and tools to address rating disparities by incorporating more flood risk variables. These include flood frequency, multiple flood types—river overflow, storm surge, coastal erosion and heavy rainfall—and distance to a water source along with property characteristics such as elevation and the cost to rebuild.

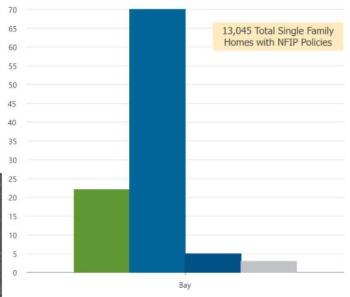


73,113 Policies



Bay County

Flood Insurance Changes with Risk Rating 2.0



22 % Immediate Decrease in Insurance Policy Cost 2,869 properties

70 % Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by \$0 to \$120 per year, 9,174 properties

Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by \$120 to \$240 per year, 671 properties

Increase in Insurance Policy Cost by greater than \$240 per year, 331 properties





Risk Rating 2.0 Timeline

Starts Oct 1 2021

New Business Policies

Starts April 1, 2022 for Renewal/Existing Policies

NFIP and Risk Rating 2.0 Resources:

Risk Rating 2.0 NFIP Transformation www.fema.gov/NFIPtransformation

Risk Rating 2.0 Graphs for Florida Counties https://bit.ly/FLNFIPgraphs

Definitions

https://bit.ly/FloodDefinitions

Risk Rating 2.0 for all States (County and zip code) https://bit.ly/RiskRatingbyState







A Few Early Examples: \$260,000 Seminole home not on water (1960)

NFIP today

• Risk Rating 2.0 – Oct 1 2021

Never stops increasing 18%+/yr

No automatic annual increases

\$2040 - Current NFIP with no contents

• \$1,683 – NFIP with no contents (\$357 savings = @\$30/mo) = **0.64%**

\$3,377 - Current NFIP with \$100K contents

• \$2,038 – NFIP with 100K contents (\$1339 savings = @112/mo) 0.60%



A Few Early Examples: \$1,000,000 Treasure Island Home 100ft from VE

NFIP today

• Risk Rating 2.0 – April 1 2022

Never stops increasing 18%+/yr

- No automatic increases
- Buyers can no plan for future

\$2488 - Current NFIP with no contents

- \$7,669 NFIP with no contents
- Factors cost to rebuild, etc.
- Cost is not even 1% = 0.76%





TRANSITIONS TYPICALLY MESSY AND NOISY!

Installing a new operating system



Pause - Breathe - Get the Facts!





What Realtors® Need To Know

- If you have contracts scheduled to close before Oct 1 have buyer's insurance agent review and evaluate impact to buyer of any delays past
- Encourage clients to get all insurance options early in process
- Encourage clients to consult insurance agent(s) with Flood policy knowledge.
- Both sides need to ask Does the seller have a flood policy?
- Remember if Seller has existing policy the Buyer has the option to assume/transfer policy. Have them work with their agent to understand process and options.
- Don't assume remember your license and training



Realtors® Bring Value to Your Clients and Sphere

- Ask them if they have heard about the 2 changes happening with New Flood Maps and New FEMA Flood Insurance Policy Pricing and offer to update them
- Share the 10 yr journey and how you (Realtors) have advocated through NAR and RPAC to achieve this for your neighbors and the communities you serve -OWN IT!
- Get the Facts about Flood Insurance and be proactive and bring value updating clients and sphere
- You can help connect them with good agent where they can get all their options - maybe private is better for them





THANK YOU.









NARdotREALTOR

nar.realtor



